Stormwater Management System Report

PLUMBERS SUPPLY COMPANY
PROPOSED OFFICE/WAREHOUSE FACILITY

FLAHERTY DRIVE NEW BEDFORD, MASSACHUSETTS

Prepared for:

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March 16, 2018 Project No. 2190

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INGINEERING CO., INC.

CONSULTING ENGINEERS

Preface

Stormwater Management Standards Compliance Checklist



Checklist for Stormwater Report

A. Introduction

Important: When filling out forms on the computer, use only the tab key to move your cursor - do not use the return key.





A Stormwater Report must be submitted with the Notice of Intent permit application to document compliance with the Stormwater Management Standards. The following checklist is NOT a substitute for the Stormwater Report (which should provide more substantive and detailed information) but is offered here as a tool to help the applicant organize their Stormwater Management documentation for their Report and for the reviewer to assess this information in a consistent format. As noted in the Checklist, the Stormwater Report must contain the engineering computations and supporting information set forth in Volume 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. The Stormwater Report must be prepared and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer (RPE) licensed in the Commonwealth.

The Stormwater Report must include:

- The Stormwater Checklist completed and stamped by a Registered Professional Engineer (see page 2) that certifies that the Stormwater Report contains all required submittals.¹ This Checklist is to be used as the cover for the completed Stormwater Report.
- Applicant/Project Name
- Project Address
- Name of Firm and Registered Professional Engineer that prepared the Report
- Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan required by Standards 4-6
- Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan required by Standard 8²
- Operation and Maintenance Plan required by Standard 9

In addition to all plans and supporting information, the Stormwater Report must include a brief narrative describing stormwater management practices, including environmentally sensitive site design and LID techniques, along with a diagram depicting runoff through the proposed BMP treatment train. Plans are required to show existing and proposed conditions, identify all wetland resource areas, NRCS soil types, critical areas, Land Uses with Higher Potential Pollutant Loads (LUHPPL), and any areas on the site where infiltration rate is greater than 2.4 inches per hour. The Plans shall identify the drainage areas for both existing and proposed conditions at a scale that enables verification of supporting calculations.

As noted in the Checklist, the Stormwater Management Report shall document compliance with each of the Stormwater Management Standards as provided in the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. The soils evaluation and calculations shall be done using the methodologies set forth in Volume 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook.

To ensure that the Stormwater Report is complete, applicants are required to fill in the Stormwater Report Checklist by checking the box to indicate that the specified information has been included in the Stormwater Report. If any of the information specified in the checklist has not been submitted, the applicant must provide an explanation. The completed Stormwater Report Checklist and Certification must be submitted with the Stormwater Report.

¹ The Stormwater Report may also include the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement required by Standard 10. If not included in the Stormwater Report, the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement must be submitted prior to the discharge of stormwater runoff to the post-construction best management practices.

² For some complex projects, it may not be possible to include the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan in the Stormwater Report. In that event, the issuing authority has the discretion to issue an Order of Conditions that approves the project and includes a condition requiring the proponent to submit the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan before commencing any land disturbance activity on the site.



Checklist for Stormwater Report

B. Stormwater Checklist and Certification

The following checklist is intended to serve as a guide for applicants as to the elements that ordinarily need to be addressed in a complete Stormwater Report. The checklist is also intended to provide conservation commissions and other reviewing authorities with a summary of the components necessary for a comprehensive Stormwater Report that addresses the ten Stormwater Standards.

Note: Because stormwater requirements vary from project to project, it is possible that a complete Stormwater Report may not include information on some of the subjects specified in the Checklist. If it is determined that a specific item does not apply to the project under review, please note that the item is not applicable (N.A.) and provide the reasons for that determination.

A complete checklist must include the Certification set forth below signed by the Registered Professional Engineer who prepared the Stormwater Report.

Registered Professional Engineer's Certification

I have reviewed the Stormwater Report, including the soil evaluation, computations, Long-term Pollution Prevention Plan, the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan (if included), the Long-term Post-Construction Operation and Maintenance Plan, the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement (if included) and the plans showing the stormwater management system, and have determined that they have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Stormwater Management Standards as further elaborated by the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. I have also determined that the information presented in the Stormwater Checklist is accurate and that the information presented in the Stormwater Report accurately reflects conditions at the site as of the date of this permit application.

Registered Professional Engineer Block and Signature

RICHARD R. RICCIO III CIVIL 13.45892

Signature and Date 11/18

Checklist

Project Type: Is the application for new development, redevelopment, or a mix of new and redevelopment?		
\boxtimes	New development	
	Redevelopment	
	Mix of New Development and Redevelopment	



Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection

Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands Program

Checklist for Stormwater Report

Checklist (continued)

LID Measures: Stormwater Standards require LID measures to be considered. Document what environmentally sensitive design and LID Techniques were considered during the planning and design of No disturbance to any Wetland Resource Areas ☐ Site Design Practices (e.g. clustered development, reduced frontage setbacks) Reduced Impervious Area (Redevelopment Only) Minimizing disturbance to existing trees and shrubs ☐ LID Site Design Credit Requested: Credit 1 Credit 2 Credit 3 Use of "country drainage" versus curb and gutter conveyance and pipe ☐ Bioretention Cells (includes Rain Gardens) Constructed Stormwater Wetlands (includes Gravel Wetlands designs) ☐ Treebox Filter Grass Channel ☐ Green Roof Subsurface Infiltration System, Other (describe): Standard 1: No New Untreated Discharges

- No new untreated discharges
- Outlets have been designed so there is no erosion or scour to wetlands and waters of the Commonwealth
- Supporting calculations specified in Volume 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook included.



Checklist for Stormwater Report

Checklist (continued)			
Standard 2: Peak Rate Attenuation			
 Standard 2 waiver requested because the project is located in land subject to coastal storm flowage and stormwater discharge is to a wetland subject to coastal flooding. Evaluation provided to determine whether off-site flooding increases during the 100-year 24-hour storm. 			
Calculations provided to show that post-development peak discharge rates do not exceed pre- development rates for the 2-year and 10-year 24-hour storms. If evaluation shows that off-site flooding increases during the 100-year 24-hour storm, calculations are also provided to show that post-development peak discharge rates do not exceed pre-development rates for the 100-year 24- hour storm.			
Standard 3: Recharge			
Soil Analysis provided.			
□ Required Recharge Volume calculation provided.			
Required Recharge volume reduced through use of the LID site Design Credits.			
☐ Sizing the infiltration, BMPs is based on the following method: Check the method used.			
Static			
Runoff from all impervious areas at the site discharging to the infiltration BMP.			
Runoff from all impervious areas at the site is <i>not</i> discharging to the infiltration BMP and calculation are provided showing that the drainage area contributing runoff to the infiltration BMPs is sufficient generate the required recharge volume.			
Recharge BMPs have been sized to infiltrate the Required Recharge Volume.			
Recharge BMPs have been sized to infiltrate the Required Recharge Volume <i>only</i> to the maximum extent practicable for the following reason:			
☐ Site is comprised solely of C and D soils and/or bedrock at the land surface			
M.G.L. c. 21E sites pursuant to 310 CMR 40.0000			
☐ Solid Waste Landfill pursuant to 310 CMR 19.000			
Project is otherwise subject to Stormwater Management Standards only to the maximum exten practicable.			
Calculations showing that the infiltration BMPs will drain in 72 hours are provided.			
Property includes a M.G.L. c. 21E site or a solid waste landfill and a mounding analysis is included.			
1004 700			

^{80%} TSS removal is required prior to discharge to infiltration BMP if Dynamic Field method is used.



Checklist for Stormwater Report

CI	necklist (continued)
Sta	andard 3: Recharge (continued)
	The infiltration BMP is used to attenuate peak flows during storms greater than or equal to the 10-year 24-hour storm and separation to seasonal high groundwater is less than 4 feet and a mounding analysis is provided.
\boxtimes	Documentation is provided showing that infiltration BMPs do not adversely impact nearby wetland resource areas.
Sta	indard 4: Water Quality
The	a Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan typically includes the following: Good housekeeping practices; Provisions for storing materials and waste products inside or under cover; Vehicle washing controls; Requirements for routine inspections and maintenance of stormwater BMPs; Spill prevention and response plans; Provisions for maintenance of lawns, gardens, and other landscaped areas; Requirements for storage and use of fertilizers, herbicides, and pesticides; Pet waste management provisions; Provisions for operation and management of septic systems; Provisions for solid waste management; Snow disposal and plowing plans relative to Wetland Resource Areas; Winter Road Salt and/or Sand Use and Storage restrictions; Street sweeping schedules; Provisions for prevention of illicit discharges to the stormwater management system; Documentation that Stormwater BMPs are designed to provide for shutdown and containment in the event of a spill or discharges to or near critical areas or from LUHPPL; Training for staff or personnel involved with implementing Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan; List of Emergency contacts for implementing Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan. A Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan is attached to Stormwater Report and is included as an attachment to the Wetlands Notice of Intent. Treatment BMPs subject to the 44% TSS removal pretreatment requirement and the one inch rule for calculating the water quality volume are included, and discharge: is within the Zone II or Interim Wellhead Protection Area is near or to other critical areas is within soils with a rapid infiltration rate (greater than 2.4 inches per hour) involves runoff from land uses with higher potential pollutant loads.
	The Required Water Quality Volume is reduced through use of the LID site Design Credits.
\boxtimes	Calculations documenting that the treatment train meets the 80% TSS removal requirement and, if applicable, the 44% TSS removal pretreatment requirement, are provided.



Checklist for Stormwater Report

Checklist (continued) Standard 4: Water Quality (continued) The BMP is sized (and calculations provided) based on: ∑ The ½" or 1" Water Quality Volume or ☐ The equivalent flow rate associated with the Water Quality Volume and documentation is provided showing that the BMP treats the required water quality volume. The applicant proposes to use proprietary BMPs, and documentation supporting use of proprietary BMP and proposed TSS removal rate is provided. This documentation may be in the form of the propriety BMP checklist found in Volume 2, Chapter 4 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook and submitting copies of the TARP Report, STEP Report, and/or other third party studies verifying performance of the proprietary BMPs. A TMDL exists that indicates a need to reduce pollutants other than TSS and documentation showing that the BMPs selected are consistent with the TMDL is provided. Standard 5: Land Uses With Higher Potential Pollutant Loads (LUHPPLs) NOT APPLICABLE ☐ The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit covers the land use and the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) has been included with the Stormwater Report. The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit covers the land use and the SWPPP will be submitted prior to the discharge of stormwater to the post-construction stormwater BMPs. The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit does *not* cover the land use. LUHPPLs are located at the site and industry specific source control and pollution prevention measures have been proposed to reduce or eliminate the exposure of LUHPPLs to rain, snow, snow melt and runoff, and been included in the long term Pollution Prevention Plan. ☐ All exposure has been eliminated. All exposure has **not** been eliminated and all BMPs selected are on MassDEP LUHPPL list. The LUHPPL has the potential to generate runoff with moderate to higher concentrations of oil and grease (e.g. all parking lots with >1000 vehicle trips per day) and the treatment train includes an oil grit separator, a filtering bioretention area, a sand filter or equivalent. Standard 6: Critical Areas NOT APPLICABLE The discharge is near or to a critical area and the treatment train includes only BMPs that MassDEP has approved for stormwater discharges to or near that particular class of critical area. Critical areas and BMPs are identified in the Stormwater Report.



Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection

Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands Program

Checklist for Stormwater Report

Checklist (continued)

Standard 7: Redevelopments and Other Projects Subject to the Standards only to the maximum extent practicable NOT APPLICABLE

The project is subject to the Stormwater Management Standards only to the maximum Extent Practicable as a:

 Practicable as a:
Limited Project
 Small Residential Projects: 5-9 single family houses or 5-9 units in a multi-family development provided there is no discharge that may potentially affect a critical area. Small Residential Projects: 2-4 single family houses or 2-4 units in a multi-family development with a discharge to a critical area Marina and/or boatyard provided the hull painting, service and maintenance areas are protected from exposure to rain, snow, snow melt and runoff
☐ Bike Path and/or Foot Path
☐ Redevelopment Project
☐ Redevelopment portion of mix of new and redevelopment.
Certain standards are not fully met (Standard No. 1, 8, 9, and 10 must always be fully met) and an explanation of why these standards are not met is contained in the Stormwater Report. The project involves redevelopment and a description of all measures that have been taken to improve existing conditions is provided in the Stormwater Report. The redevelopment checklist found in Volume 2 Chapter 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook may be used to document that the proposed stormwater management system (a) complies with Standards 2, 3 and the pretreatment and structural BMP requirements of Standards 4-6 to the maximum extent practicable and (b) improves existing conditions.

Standard 8: Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control

A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan must include the following information:

- Narrative;
- Construction Period Operation and Maintenance Plan;
- Names of Persons or Entity Responsible for Plan Compliance;
- Construction Period Pollution Prevention Measures;
- Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan Drawings;
- Detail drawings and specifications for erosion control BMPs, including sizing calculations;
- Vegetation Planning;
- Site Development Plan;
- · Construction Sequencing Plan;
- Sequencing of Erosion and Sedimentation Controls;
- Operation and Maintenance of Erosion and Sedimentation Controls;
- · Inspection Schedule;
- Maintenance Schedule;
- · Inspection and Maintenance Log Form.

Ш	A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan containing
	the information set forth above has been included in the Stormwater Report.



Checklist for Stormwater Report

C	hecklist (continued)
	andard 8: Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control ontinued)
	The project is highly complex and information is included in the Stormwater Report that explains why it is not possible to submit the Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan with the application. A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control has <i>not</i> been included in the Stormwater Report but will be submitted <i>before</i> land disturbance begins.
	The project is <i>not</i> covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit.
	The project is covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit and a copy of the SWPPP is in the Stormwater Report. The project is covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit but no SWPPP been submitted.
· 04	The SWPPP will be submitted BEFORE land disturbance begins.
	andard 9: Operation and Maintenance Plan
\boxtimes	The Post Construction Operation and Maintenance Plan is included in the Stormwater Report and includes the following information:
	Name of the stormwater management system owners;
	Party responsible for operation and maintenance;
	☐ Schedule for implementation of routine and non-routine maintenance tasks;
	☐ Plan showing the location of all stormwater BMPs maintenance access areas;
	☐ Description and delineation of public safety features;
	Estimated operation and maintenance budget; and
	☐ Operation and Maintenance Log Form.
	The responsible party is not the owner of the parcel where the BMP is located and the Stormwater Report includes the following submissions:
	A copy of the legal instrument (deed, homeowner's association, utility trust or other legal entity) that establishes the terms of and legal responsibility for the operation and maintenance of the project site stormwater BMPs;
	A plan and easement deed that allows site access for the legal entity to operate and maintain BMP functions.
Sta	andard 10: Prohibition of Illicit Discharges
\boxtimes	The Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan includes measures to prevent illicit discharges;
\boxtimes	An Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement is attached;
	NO Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement is attached but will be submitted <i>prior to</i> the discharge of

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Preface	Stormwater Management Standards Compliance Checklist	
Section 1	Introduction	
	 1.0 Introduction 1.1 Project Description 1.2 Hydrologic Overview 1.3 Pre-Development Hydrologic Summary 1.4 Post-Development Hydrologic Summary 1.5 Stormwater Management System Summary 1.6 Select Structural Best Management Practices (BMP's) 1.7 Select Non-structural Best Management Practices (BMP's) 1.8 Regulatory Compliance 1.9 Post Construction Operation and Maintenance Plan 	
Section 2	Pre Development Hydrologic Analysis	
	2-Year Storm Event 10-Year Storm Event 25-Year Storm Event 100-Year Storm Event	
Section 3	Post Development Hydrologic Analysis	
	2-Year Storm Event 10-Year Storm Event 25-Year Storm Event 100-Year Storm Event	
Section 4	Supplemental Data	
	Soils Maps Soil Testing Results Recharge Volume Calculations Water Quality Volume Calculations Sediment Forebay Sizing Total Suspended Solids (TSS) Removal Calculations Pipe Sizing Calculations	
Appendix A -	- Pre and Post Development Watershed Plans	
Appendix B -	- Long Term Pollution Prevention Plan	

Appendix C - Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement

Section 1

Hydrologic Overview

1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Project Description

The applicant is proposing to construct an approximate 175,000 square foot warehouse facility with associated office space with on a vacant parcel of land located at the end of Flaherty Drive in the New Bedford Business Park. The project will consist of construction of the building, proposed parking and loading areas, associated stormwater management facilities and utilities. The applicants are proposing construction of this building to relocate and expand their existing operations currently located on Church Street in New Bedford to a new and larger facility. The facility will be services by an on-site stormwater management system and will tie into existing sewer and water utilities currently available in Flaherty Drive.

The majority of the new paved surfaces on the site will be serviced by an on-site stormwater management system consisting of a combination a closed conduit drainage system, sediment forebays and a substantial detention/infiltration system. The roof drainage will be directed to the large detention/infiltration system to be constructed to the rear of the proposed building.

The stormwater management system has been designed to accept and treat the projected stormwater flows from development in accordance with the current DEP Stormwater Management Standards. As part of the new DEP Stormwater Management Standards and Regulations, the DEP is requiring Low Impact Development (LID) measures to be considered in the design of the project. The project, as proposed, does make use of certain LID measures including the bio-retention areas and extended detention/infiltration basins being proposed through the site

In the present condition, the site supports a wetland resource area as defined in the Wetlands Protection Act and 310 CMR 10.00 surrounding the property on three sides. The resource areas have been previously reviewed and approved by the Conservation Commission and the Department of Environmental Protection under an Order of Resource Area and we will be requesting an updated approval of the line through the filing of a Notice of Intent.

The specific resource areas specific to the subject parcel are as follows:

Bordering Vegetated Wetland

1.2 Hydrologic Overview

A hydrologic analysis for the pre and post developed conditions for the project site has been prepared and is submitted in the following sections of this report. The primary goal of this analysis is to evaluate and mitigate the potential impacts of the proposed development to the adjacent properties, roadway drainage systems, and on-site wetland resource areas. Particular consideration has been given to stormwater quantity and quality at the existing bordering vegetated wetland system which surrounds the property, which is considered as the sole Analysis Point for the stormwater management calculations.

The analysis of the present condition and the proposed condition hydrology includes a calculated estimation of the runoff volume and peak storm flow rates from the site for each individual drainage area. The HydroCAD hydrologic program, developed by Applied Microcomputer Systems, was utilized in the preparation of the stormwater runoff models. The HydroCAD software is based upon the Soil Conservation Service, "Technical Release 20 – Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds" and is a generally accepted industry standard methodology.

An analysis was performed for the 2, 10, 25, and 100-year frequency rainfall events. These events were based on a 24-hour duration storm with a SCS Type III storm distribution curve. Time of Concentration (Tc) values and runoff curve numbers (CN) were developed for each of the calculated existing and proposed drainage areas based upon prevalent topographic patterns, ground cover conditions, and SCS Hydrologic Soil Group classifications.

The hydrologic study area of the pre-developed condition consists of one (1) watershed areas with one analysis point as described above. The hydrologic study area in the post-developed condition consists of three (3) watershed areas with the same analysis point corresponding to the pre-development model. The pre and post development watershed areas and corresponding analysis points are described in the following sections and shown on the Watershed Plans submitted in Appendix A.

The Bristol County Soil Conservation Service (SCS) mapping for this area indicates a single soil type soil type over the subject parcel. The predominant soil classification is as follows:

Woodbridge Fine Sandy Loam (312B), 0 to 8 percent slopes, extremely stony – Hydrologic Soil Group

1.3 Pre-Development Hydrologic Summary

In the present condition, the site is comprised of one (1) watershed areas as shown on the attached Pre-Development Watershed Plan. The watershed designations and corresponding analysis points are as follows:

Subcatchment PRE 1 is a 27.0 area consisting of the subject watershed area which currently flows
unattenuated towards the bordering vegetated wetland system surrounding the site. This wetland system is
being considered as Analysis Point 1 (AP-1) in the Pre-Development Hydrologic Calculations. The Time of
Concentration for Subcatchment PRE 1 was estimated at 25.7 minutes and the CN was estimated to be 70.

A summary of the Pre-Development hydrologic conditions for the 2, 10, 25, and 100-year storm events is submitted in Table 1.3 below.

Table 1.3 - Pre-Development Hydrologic Summary

Storm Event	Analysis
	Point
	AP-1
	Rate of
	Flow
	(c.f.s.)
2-year storm	16.65
10-year storm	33.09
25-year storm	44.29
100-year storm	64.99

1.4 Post Development Hydrologic Summary

In the developed condition, the site is comprised of three (3) watershed areas as shown on the attached Post Development Watershed Plan. The designated post-development analysis point corresponds to the previously described pre-development analysis points. The watershed designations and corresponding analysis point for each of the post development watersheds are as follows:

- Subcatchment POST 1 is a 8.7-acre portion of the overall watershed area consisting of the areas of the site including the office portion of the proposed building, proposed parking and loading areas, and landscaped areas around the building which will flow through a closed conduit drainage system to a sediment forebay ahead of an extended detention/infiltration basin (POND 1) which will discharge runoff at a controlled rate to the bordering vegetated wetland system, taken as Analysis Point 1 (AP-1) in the Post Development Hydrologic Analysis. The Time of Concentration for POST 1 was estimated at 18.4 minutes and the CN was estimated at 89.
- Subcatchment POST 1A is a 3.6-acre portion of the overall watershed areas consisting of the roof area of
 warehouse portion of the building which will flow to a subsurface recharge trench (RECH 1) prior to
 overtopping and discharging towards the extended detention/infiltration basin (POND 1). The Time of
 Concentration for POST 1A was estimated at 6.0 minutes and the CN was estimated at 98.
- Subcatchment POST 2 is a 13.1-acre portion of the overall watershed area of the undeveloped portions of
 the lot that will continue to flow unattenuated towards the bordering vegetated wetland system taken as
 Analysis Point 1 (AP-1) in the Post Development Hydrologic Analysis. The Time of Concentration for POST
 2 was estimated at 22.3 minutes and the CN was estimated at 72.

A summary of the post-development hydrologic conditions for the 2, 10, 25, and 100-year storm events is submitted in Table 1,4 below.

Table 1.4 - Post Development Hydrologic Summary

Storm Event	Analysis
	Point
	AP-1
	Rate of
	Flow
	(c.f.s.)
2-year storm	10.78
10-year storm	22.63
25-year storm	31.88
100-year storm	49.04

A summary of the pre and post-development hydrologic conditions for the 2, 10, 25, and 100-year storm events is submitted in Table 1.5 below. Results shown as a "negative" represent a decrease in post development condition rates of runoff.

Table 1.5 - Pre-Post Development Hydrologic Results

Storm Event	Analysis
	Point
	AP-1
	Rate of
	Flow
2-year storm	-35.3%
10-year storm	-31.6%
25-year storm	-28.0%
100-year storm	-24.5%

The hydrologic analysis indicates that the stormwater management system design for the site meets or reduces peak runoff rates for the 2, 10, 25, and 100-year, 24-hour, Type III storm events from the pre developed levels at the subject analysis point. The analysis shows the proposed development of this project area will not result in an increase in the rates of runoff from the project site.

1.5 Stormwater Management System Summary

The proposed stormwater management system incorporates a number of Best Management Practices (BMPs), as prescribed in the Department of Environmental Protection Stormwater Management Handbook. These practices include structural and non-structural measures providing stormwater quantity and quality management. These BMPs will function to minimize potential adverse water quality impacts to the surrounding wetland ecosystem. The following sections describe the temporary and permanent stormwater BMPs proposed for the site development.

The proposed stormwater management plan has been developed based on the projected site conditions and the present condition of the water resource areas that receive stormwater runoff from the site. The proposed BMPs have been designed to comply with the Massachusetts Stormwater Management Handbook.

The existing and proposed paved and impervious areas on the developed lot are the primary target area for water quantity and quality control measures for the project. The goal of the proposed stormwater management system design was to provide the necessary water quality treatment and attenuation for all of the runoff generated in proposed conditions. The stormwater management system makes use of a variety of stormwater Best Management Practices (BMP's) to meet this objective. These BMP's are described in more detail in the follow section.

Runoff from the majority of the site will flow through sediment forebays and an extended detention/infiltration basin with a flow control structure and overflow riprap spillway which will serve to reduce the rates of runoff to the subject analysis point. A portion of the roof area will also flow through a roof drain recharge trench prior to discharging to the extended detention/infiltration basin for additional recharge. The predicted Total Suspended Solids (TSS) Removal and Water Quality calculations for these areas are submitted in Section 4. Calculations have been provided to show that the proposed stormwater management system will provide more than adequate water quality volume and recharge volume for proposed paved and impervious areas on the developed portions of the lot, prior to discharge to the surrounding wetland system.

1.6 Select Structural Best Management Practices (BMP's)

Hooded Catch Basins with Deep Sumps

Stormwater from portions of the paved parking and driveway areas will be collected in a closed conduit piping system fitted with 4-foot deep sump catch basins with hooded outlets. Catch basin sump systems are effective devices for removal of large matter and pollutants that adsorb to sediments and other particulates. Catch basins with sumps and hooded outlets are designed to trap sediment particles and floating contaminants (e.g., oil and greases), that are typically the most significant constituents of the urban runoff pollutant load. Regular maintenance and cleaning of catch basins is required to assure adequate performance of these structures. A specific maintenance schedule is submitted in this document and on the plans.

Extended Detention/Infiltration Basins with Sediment Forebay

Runoff from the proposed paved parking and paved material storage areas will be conveyed to a sediment forebay in advance a new extended detention/infiltration basin wetland system. The forebays are designed to accept a minimum 0.10 inch per contributing acre of watershed area and are approximately 2.0 feet deep. The extended detention basins have been designed with sediment traps to extend the detention time of runoff within the basins and to enhance sediment deposition. Water quality treatment will be provided by capturing the required water quality volume (0.5 inch of runoff over the contributing paved area) within the bottom area of the basin (below the lowest outfall), trapping particulates and allowing treated stormwater to settle and slowly infiltration into the ground. The detention stage of the basin will serve to attenuate flow rates and, through extended detention time, provide for additional treatment and pollutant removal. Dead storage volume below the lowest outfall from the basin will provide the necessary recharge volumes for the site. Storage volume above the outfall culvert will provide attenuation of the runoff for larger storm events.

1.7 Select Non-Structural Best Management Practices (BMP's)

Pavement Sweeping Program

All paved surfaces will be swept twice annually (fall and spring). The sweeping program will remove contaminants directly from the paved surfaces before their release into the stormwater runoff. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency has determined that pavement sweeping can be an effective initial treatment for reducing pollutant loading into stormwater runoff.

Stormwater Management System Maintenance Program

All structural components of the stormwater management system will be inspected and maintained of a regular basis in accordance with the requirements of the Stormwater Management Policy. A detailed Stormwater Management System Operation and Maintenance Plan has been prepared in accordance with the Stormwater Management Standards and Stormwater Management Handbook prepared by the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection.

1.8 Regulatory Compliance

The Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook, Volume 3 (February, 2008), has been used as the primary guidance for the selection and design of permanent non-structural and structural BMPs for the long-term protection of existing wetland and water resources. The Stormwater Management Plan developed for this project incorporates water quantity and quality controls that will protect surface and groundwater resources, wetlands and adjacent properties

from potential impacts due to increased impervious areas on the site. The Stormwater Management Plan also incorporates select LID measures in accordance with the new Stormwater Management Policies.

The stormwater performance standards developed by the DEP and a brief discussion on how the proposed project will achieve the standards are provided below. The Stormwater Management System Compliance Certification and Checklist has been included as the Preface to this Report.

- Standard 1. No new stormwater conveyances may discharge untreated stormwater directly to, or cause erosion in wetlands or waters of the Commonwealth.
- No proposed site stormwater conveyance system will discharge untreated stormwater runoff directly to wetlands. Stormwater runoff from the paved surfaces and parking areas will be collected and treated by a closed conduit pipe system consisting of one or a series of structural BMPs including deep sump/hooded catch basins, sediment forebays, and an extended detention/infiltration basin. Riprap pads and level spreader spillways have been installed at the point of discharge of all drainage outfalls to eliminate potential erosive flow velocities and dissipate the energy of the discharged stormwater, thereby avoiding sedimentation to the downgradient areas.
- Standard 2. Stormwater management systems shall be designed so that the post-development peak discharge rates do not exceed pre-development peak discharge rates.
- The storage volume within the extended detention/infiltration basin will serve to limit the peak rates of stormwater runoff at or below pre development levels for the 2-, 10-, 25- and 100-year storm events. Refer to the Calculations in Sections 2 & 3 for additional information.
- Standard 3. Loss of annual recharge to groundwater shall be eliminated or minimized through the use of environmentally sensitive site design, low impact development techniques, stormwater best management practices, and good operation and maintenance. At a minimum, the annual recharge from the post- development site shall approximate the annual recharge from predevelopment conditions based on soil type. This Standard is met when the stormwater management system is designed to infiltrate the required recharge volume as determined in accordance with the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook.
- Provisions for groundwater recharge have been provided via the dead storage within the bottom area of substantial extended detention/infiltration basin being proposed on the site. Additional recharge volume is being provided within a crushed stone recharge trench which is accepting the roof runoff from the large warehouse portion of the facility.
- Standard 4. Stormwater management systems shall be designed to remove 80% of the average annual post-construction load of Total Suspended Solids (TSS). This standard is met when:
 - a) Suitable practices for source control and pollution prevention are identified in a long-term pollution prevention plan, and thereafter are implemented and maintained;
 - Structural stormwater best management practices are sized to capture the required water quality volume as determined in accordance with the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook; and
 - c) Pretreatment is provided in accordance with the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook.
- The 80 percent TSS removal rate will be achieved will the implementation of a street sweeping program, deep sump/hooded catch basins, and/or extended detention/infiltration basins. The aggregate total of both structural

and non-structural BMPs will meet or exceed the target 80% removal rate. Detailed TSS removal calculations are submitted in Section 4. Pavement sweeping has also been incorporated into the Operation and Maintenance Plan shown on the plans and will be a requirement of the approval.

- Standard 5. For land uses with higher potential pollutant loads, source control and pollution prevention shall be implemented in accordance with the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook to eliminate or reduce the discharge of stormwater runoff from such land uses to the maximum extent practicable. If, through source control and/or pollution prevention, all land uses with higher potential pollutant loads cannot be completely protected from exposure to rain, snow, snow melt and stormwater runoff, the proponent shall use the specific structural stormwater BMPs determined by the Department to be suitable for such uses as provided in the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. Stormwater discharges from land uses with higher potential pollutant loads shall also comply with the requirements of the Massachusetts Clean Waters Act, M.G.L.c. 21, §§ 26-53 and the regulations promulgated thereunder at 314 CMR 3.00, 314 CMR 4.00 and 314 CMR 5.00.
- No portion of the proposed project would be considered a land use with higher potential pollutant loads.
- Standard 6. Stormwater discharges within the Zone II or Interim Wellhead Protection Area of a public water supply and stormwater discharges near or to any other critical area require the use of the specific source control and pollution prevention measures and the specific structural stormwater best management practices determined by the Department to be suitable for managing discharges to such areas, as provided in the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook.
- The project does not discharge within a Critical Area as defined in the Stormwater Management Standards.
- Standard 7. A redevelopment project is required to meet the following Stormwater Management Standards only to the maximum extent practicable: Standard 2, Standard 3, and the pretreatment and structural stormwater best management practice requirements of Standards 4, 5, and 6. Existing stormwater discharges shall comply with Standard 1 only to the maximum extent practicable. A redevelopment project shall also comply with all other requirements of the Stormwater Management Standards and improve existing conditions.
- No portion of the project would be considered a redevelopment project in accordance with the Stormwater Management Standards.
- Standard 8. A plan to control construction-related impacts, including erosion, sedimentation, and other pollutant sources during construction and land disturbance activities (construction period erosion, sedimentation, and pollution prevention plan) shall be developed and implemented.
- The proposed development will incorporate erosion and sedimentation controls to minimize the potential for sedimentation in down gradient resources. These controls will include hay bales/silt fence barriers, and slope stabilization measures such as hay/straw blankets and jute matting. The proponent will complete a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan prior to construction in accordance with the NPDES General Permit for Stormwater Discharges associated with Construction Projects and this SWPPP will also be used as the plan to meet this standard.

Standard 9. A Long -Term Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Plan shall be developed and Implemented to ensure that stormwater management systems function as designed.

• The Stormwater Management Plan for this project has been developed in full compliance with the DEP Stormwater Management Policy. The Plan is based on a multi-dimensional approach to stormwater management that recognizes the need for proper site planning, source control of potential contaminants, and implementation of structural and non-structural treatment methods to ensure the protection of water resources in the vicinity of the site and adjacent properties. The Stormwater Operation and Maintenance Plan is provided on the construction drawings. A more detailed Long-Term Operation and Maintenance Plan is also included in the following sections.

Standard 10. Illicit Discharges to the Stormwater Management System are prohibited.

An Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement has been completed and is included as an Appendix to this report.

1.8 Post Construction Operation and Maintenance Plan

Name and current address of the Applicant

Plumbers Supply Company, Inc. 429 Church Street New Bedford, Massachusetts, 02745

Name and address of the Contractor of Record

To be determined and provided to Conservation Commission upon selection.

Plans of Record

Refer to Site Development Plans prepared for Raw Seafoods Inc. by Field Engineering and last dated 3/16/18 for locations of all BMP's on site as well as construction details of all BMP's. Refer to the Order of Conditions to be issued by the New Bedford Conservation Commission for additional information regarding the operation and maintenance of the stormwater management BMP's on site.

- The contractor shall be responsible for the proper inspection and maintenance of all stormwater management
 facilities until such time as the Stormwater Management System is accepted by the Owner. Thereafter the
 Owner shall be responsible for the proper inspection and maintenance of the stormwater facilities in accordance
 with this Operation and Maintenance Plan as well as the continuing conditions of the Certificate of Compliance
 on the property.
- 2. All Structural Best Management Practices (BMP's) including the catch basins, and subsurface infiltration systems should be inspected after every major rainfall event exceeding 1.0-inch for the first 6 months after construction to ensure proper stabilization and construction.
- 3. Thereafter, regular BMP inspections should be conducted according to the following schedule:

BMP Structure	Inspections per Year
Deep Sump Catch Basins	4
Extended Detention/Infiltration Basin	ns 2
Subsurface Recharge System	1

- 4. The owner shall maintain and submit to the Conservation Commission upon request a BMP Inspection Report following each site inspection as recommended above. The BMP Inspection report shall identify the Date of Inspection, the name and contact number of the responsible party, specific structures inspected, specific maintenance required and observations at a minimum, inspection reports should address the following conditions where applicable:
 - 1. Embankment Subsidence
 - 2. Erosion
 - 3. Cracking of Containment Berm
 - 4. Inlet/Outlet Conditions
 - 5. Sediment Accumulations
 - 6. Slope Stability

- 5. Accumulated silt and sediment should be removed four times a year for sediment forebays and grassed swale or more frequently if accumulated depth of sediment exceeds six inches at the proposed stone check dams. Accumulated silt and sediment should be removed at least once a year for deep sump catch basins or more frequently if accumulated depth of sediment exceeds six inches.
- 6. All removed sediments are to be properly disposed of at a location to be approved by the Board of Health.

 Transportation and disposal of sediments shall comply with all applicable local, state, and federal regulations.
- 7. The driveway and parking areas shall be swept at least twice per year.
- 8. The extended detention/infiltration basin, sediment forebays and all landscaped areas should be inspected for trash on a monthly basis. Any accumulated trash, litter and discarded materials shall be removed.
- 9. Snow will be stockpiled within and around areas which drain into the stormwater management system wherever practicable. Catch basin grates will be cleaned of snow and ice after all snowfall events. The discharge of snow directly into the wetland resource areas will be prohibited.
- 10. No disposal of materials will be permitted within the any of the stormwater management system BMP's. This prohibition applies to trash, fill material, construction debris, grass clippings, collected leaves, and cut branches.
- 11. The embankments, side slopes, and bottom areas of the extended detention/infiltration basin and sediment forebay areas shall be mowed at least twice annually to facilitate maintenance of the basin.
- 12. An Operation and Maintenance Inspection Form shall be developed and copies of the completed forms shall be compiled by the Owner. These forms shall be available for review by the Conservation Commission upon request.
- 13. The Owner shall contract with a maintenance company on an annual basis that will be responsible for the operation and maintenance of the stormwater management system. The contact information for this company shall be provided to the Conservation Commission for their files.
- 14. The storm water BMP's will be inspected annually during regularly scheduled mid-summer landscaping and weeding operations for invasive or unwanted plants. If invasive species are found, they will be physically uprooted and removed from the area.

Invasive Species Control Plan (ISCP)

The owner will monitor the extended detention/infiltration basins and sediment forebays pursuant to the recommendations outlined in the USACE document titled "New England District Compensatory Mitigation Guidance" document, pages 24-26 section 4.f. Invasive Species. Due to the proximity of the extended detention/infiltration system to the existing bordering vegetated wetland, the applicant has chosen a mechanical control method of removal. Invasive species will be removed by hand (pulling, mowing or excavating on-site). No chemical control will be utilized.

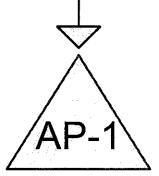
Special attention will be given to assure that none of the following invasive species populate the storm water BMP's: common reed (*Phragmites australis*), Purple loosestrife (*Lythrum salicaria*), Smooth and Common buckthorn (*Frangula alnus, Rhamnus carthartica*), Russian and Autumn olives (*Elaeagnus angustifolia and E. umbellata*), Multiflora rose (*Rosa multiflora*), Reed canary-grass (*Phalaris arundinacea*), and Japanese knotweed (*Fallopia japonica*).

Section 2

Pre Development Hydrologic Analysis



Pre Development Area 1



Surrounding Wetland System









Routing Diagram for 2190-PreDevelopmentAnalysis
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2190-PreDevelopmentAnalysis

Type III 24-hr 2 YR Rainfall=3.50" Printed 3/20/2018

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Time span=0.00-48.00 hrs, dt=0.02 hrs, 2401 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment PRE-1: Pre Development Runoff Area=1,103,066 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.01" Flow Length=1,318' Tc=25.7 min CN=70 Runoff=16.65 cfs 92,667 cf

Pond AP-1: Surrounding Wetland System

Inflow=16.65 cfs 92,667 cf Primary=16.65 cfs 92,667 cf

Total Runoff Area = 1,103,066 sf Runoff Volume = 92,667 cf Average Runoff Depth = 1.01" 100.00% Pervious = 1,103,066 sf 0.00% Impervious = 0 sf

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Page 5

Summary for Pond AP-1: Surrounding Wetland System

[40] Hint: Not Described (Outflow=Inflow)

Inflow Area =

1,103,066 sf, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.01" for 2 YR event

Inflow

16.65 cfs @ 12.40 hrs, Volume=

92,667 cf

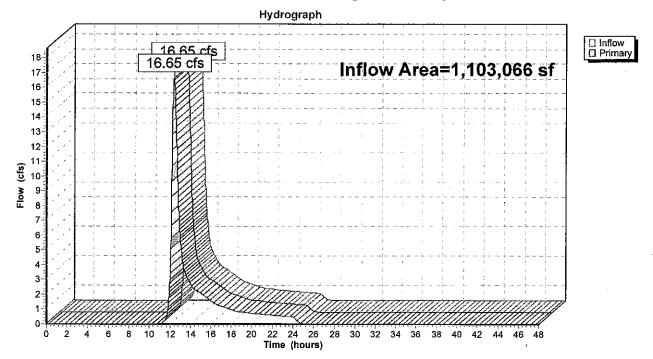
Primary

16.65 cfs @ 12.40 hrs, Volume=

92,667 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs

Pond AP-1: Surrounding Wetland System



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Page 7

Summary for Subcatchment PRE-1: Pre Development Area 1

Runoff

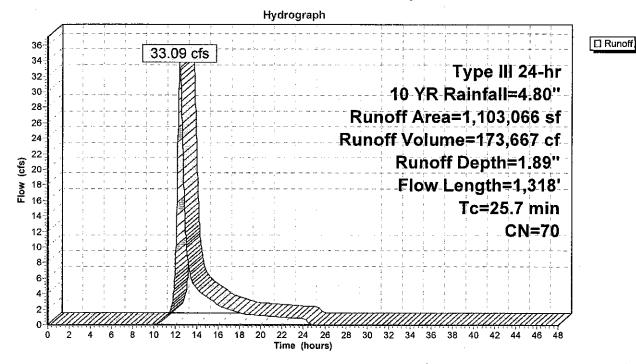
33.09 cfs @ 12.37 hrs, Volume=

173,667 cf, Depth= 1.89"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 YR Rainfall=4.80"

_	Α	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
1,077,538 70 Woods, Good, HSG C 25,528 89 Gravel roads, HSG C						
1,103,066 70 Weighted Average 1,103,066 100.00% Pervious Are					verage	a .
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)		Capacity (cfs)	Description
_	15.6	50	0.0100			Sheet Flow, A-B Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"
_	25.7	1,268	0.0170 Total	2.10		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps

Subcatchment PRE-1: Pre Development Area 1



2190-PreDevelopmentAnalysis

Type III 24-hr 25 YR Rainfall=5.60" Printed 3/20/2018

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Time span=0.00-48.00 hrs, dt=0.02 hrs, 2401 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment PRE-1: Pre Development Runoff Area=1,103,066 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.49" Flow Length=1,318' Tc=25.7 min CN=70 Runoff=44.29 cfs 229,024 cf

Pond AP-1: Surrounding Wetland System

Inflow=44.29 cfs 229,024 cf Primary=44.29 cfs 229,024 cf

Total Runoff Area = 1,103,066 sf Runoff Volume = 229,024 cf Average Runoff Depth = 2.49" 100.00% Pervious = 1,103,066 sf 0.00% Impervious = 0 sf

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Page 11

Summary for Pond AP-1: Surrounding Wetland System

[40] Hint: Not Described (Outflow=Inflow)

Inflow Area =

1,103,066 sf, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.49" for 25 YR event

Inflow

Primary

44.29 cfs @ 12.37 hrs, Volume=

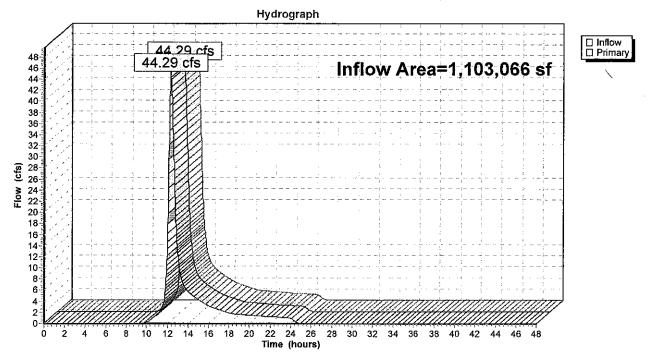
44.29 cfs @ 12.37 hrs, Volume=

229,024 cf

229,024 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs

Pond AP-1: Surrounding Wetland System



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Page 13

Summary for Subcatchment PRE-1: Pre Development Area 1

Runoff

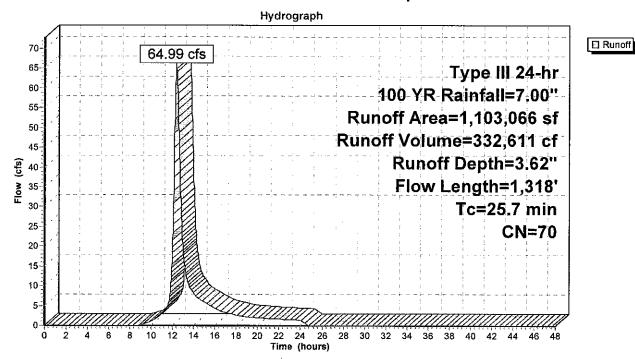
64.99 cfs @ 12.36 hrs, Volume=

332,611 cf, Depth= 3.62"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 YR Rainfall=7.00"

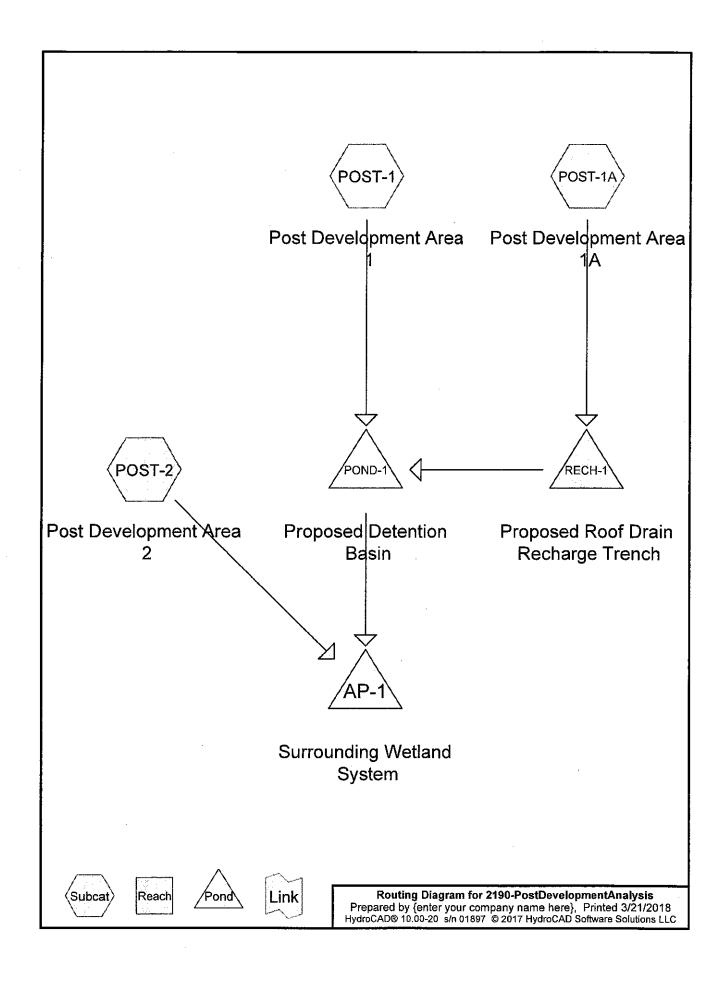
_	Α	rea (sf)	CN I	Description					
		77,538 25,528			od, HSG C				
25,528 89 Gravel roads, HSG C 1,103,066 70 Weighted Average									
	1,103,066 100.00% Pervious Area					a			
_	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)		Capacity (cfs)	Description			
	15.6	50	0.0100	0.05		Sheet Flow, A-B Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"			
	10.1	1,268	0.0170	2.10		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps			
	25.7	1,318	Total						

Subcatchment PRE-1: Pre Development Area 1



Section 3

Post Development Hydrologic Analysis



2190-PostDevelopmentAnalysis

Type III 24-hr 2 YR Rainfall=3.50" Printed 3/21/2018

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Time span=0.00-48.00 hrs, dt=0.02 hrs, 2401 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment POST-1: Post

Runoff Area=376,864 sf 64.94% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.36" Flow Length=825' Tc=18.4 min CN=89 Runoff=16.57 cfs 74,028 cf

Subcatchment POST-1A: Post

Runoff Area=156,685 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=3:27" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=12.23 cfs 42,651 cf

Subcatchment POST-2: Post Development Runoff Area=572,800 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.12"
Flow Length=780' Tc=22.3 min CN=72 Runoff=10.45 cfs 53.505 cf

Pond AP-1: Surrounding Wetland System

Inflow=10.78 cfs 80,609 cf Primary=10.78 cfs 80,609 cf

Pond POND-1: Proposed Detention Basin Peak Elev=79.68' Storage=58,980 cf Inflow=24.04 cfs 111,929 cf Discarded=1.27 cfs 84,836 cf Primary=1.42 cfs 27,104 cf Outflow=2.70 cfs 111,941 cf

Pond RECH-1: Proposed Roof Drain

Peak Elev=84.96' Storage=2,251 cf Inflow=12.23 cfs 42,651 cf

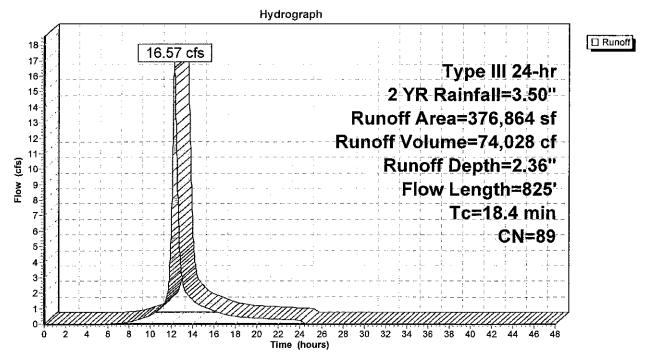
Discarded=0.05 cfs 4,750 cf Primary=11.90 cfs 37,902 cf Outflow=11.95 cfs 42,651 cf

Total Runoff Area = 1,106,349 sf Runoff Volume = 170,183 cf Average Runoff Depth = 1.85" 63.72% Pervious = 704,940 sf 36.28% Impervious = 401,409 sf

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Page 5

Subcatchment POST-1: Post Development Area 1



Summary for Subcatchment POST-2: Post Development Area 2

Runoff

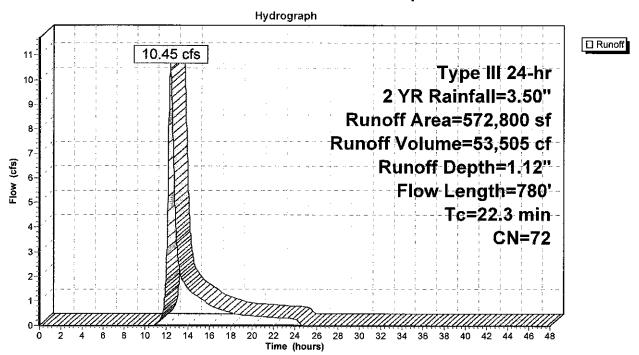
10.45 cfs @ 12.33 hrs, Volume=

53,505 cf, Depth= 1.12"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs Type III 24-hr 2 YR Rainfall=3.50"

_	Α	rea (sf)	CN [Description				
_	5	72,800	72 V	Woods/grass comb., Good, HSG C				
	572,800		1	100.00% Pe	ervious Are	a		
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description		
	17.0	50	0.0080	0.05		Sheet Flow, A-B Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"		
	5.3	730	0.0200	2.28		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps		
_	22.3	780	Total					

Subcatchment POST-2: Post Development Area 2



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Page 9

Summary for Pond POND-1: Proposed Detention Basin

Inflow Area = 533,549 sf, 75.23% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.52" for 2 YR event

Inflow = 24.04 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 111,929 cf

Outflow = 2.70 cfs @ 13.43 hrs, Volume= 111,941 cf, Atten= 89%, Lag= 76.8 min

Discarded = 1.27 cfs @ 13.43 hrs, Volume= 84,836 cf Primary = 1.42 cfs @ 13.43 hrs, Volume= 27,104 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs Peak Elev= 79.68' @ 13.43 hrs Surf.Area= 53,962 sf Storage= 58,980 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 389.3 min (1,191.0 - 801.7)

<u>Volume</u>	lnv	vert Avail	.Storage	Storage Description						
#1	78.	00' 16	8,392 cf	Custom Stage Data (Prismatic)Listed belo		rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)				
Elevation (fee		Surf.Area (sq-ft)		Store ⊱feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)					
78.0	00	28,379		0	0					
79.0	00	31,416	2	9,898	29,898					
80.0	00	64,510	4	7,963	77,861					
81.0	00	37,769	5	1,140	129,000					
82.0	00	41,014	3	9,392	168,392					
Device	Routing	Inv	ert Outle	t Device	s					
#1 Primary 78.00' 18.0" Round Culvert										
			L= 36	L= 30.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500						
Inlet / Outlet Invert= 78.00' / 77.50' S= 0.0167 '/' Cc= 0.900										
n= 0.011, Flow Area= 1.77 sf						;				

4.0" Vert. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600

1.020 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area

4.0' long Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir 2 End Contraction(s)

Discarded OutFlow Max=1.27 cfs @ 13.43 hrs HW=79.68' (Free Discharge) 4=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 1.27 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=1.42 cfs @ 13.43 hrs HW=79.68' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)

1=Culvert (Passes 1.42 cfs of 8.21 cfs potential flow)

78.50

79.50

78.00'

#2

#3

#4

Device 1

Device 1

Discarded

-2=Orifice/Grate (Orifice Controls 0.42 cfs @ 4.85 fps)

-3=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 1.00 cfs @ 1.39 fps)

Type III 24-hr 2 YR Rainfall=3.50"

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<u>Page 11</u>

Summary for Pond RECH-1: Proposed Roof Drain Recharge Trench

Inflow Area = 156,685 sf,100.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.27" for 2 YR event

Inflow = 12.23 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 42,651 cf

Outflow = 11.95 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 42,651 cf, Atten= 2%, Lag= 1.1 min

Discarded = 0.05 cfs @ 3.24 hrs, Volume= 4,750 cf Primary = 11.90 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 37,902 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs Peak Elev= 84.96' @ 12.10 hrs Surf.Area= 1,956 sf Storage= 2,251 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 34.8 min calculated for 42,633 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 34.9 min (789.5 - 754.6)

<u>Volume</u>	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	83.00'	1,733 cf	4.00'W x 489.00'L x 3.00'H Prismatoid 5,868 cf Overall - 1,536 cf Embedded = 4,332 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2	83.50'	1,536 cf	24.0" Round Pipe Storage Inside #1 L= 489.0'
		3,269 cf	Total Available Storage

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	83.00'	1.030 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	84.00'	18.0" Round Culvert X 3.00
			L= 140.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 84.00' / 80.00' S= 0.0286 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior, Flow Area= 1.77 sf

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.05 cfs @ 3.24 hrs HW=83.03' (Free Discharge) 1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.05 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=11.88 cfs @ 12.10 hrs HW=84.96' TW=78.77' (Dynamic Tailwater) —2=Culvert (Inlet Controls 11.88 cfs @ 3.33 fps)

Type III 24-hr 10 YR Rainfall=4.80" Printed 3/21/2018

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Page 13

Time span=0.00-48.00 hrs, dt=0.02 hrs, 2401 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment POST-1: Post

Runoff Area=376,864 sf 64.94% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.58" Flow Length=825' Tc=18.4 min CN=89 Runoff=24.82 cfs 112,454 cf

SubcatchmentPOST-1A: Post

Runoff Area=156,685 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.56" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=16.86 cfs 59,586 cf

Subcatchment POST-2: Post Development Runoff Area=572,800 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.05" Flow Length=780' Tc=22.3 min CN=72 Runoff=19.97 cfs 97,615 cf

Pond AP-1: Surrounding Wetland System

Inflow=22.63 cfs 166,510 cf Primary=22.63 cfs 166,510 cf

Pond POND-1: Proposed Detention Basin Peak Elev=80.07' Storage=82,079 cf Inflow=34.93 cfs 167,178 cf Discarded=1.52 cfs 98,289 cf Primary=5.91 cfs 68,895 cf Outflow=7.39 cfs 167,184 cf

Pond RECH-1: Proposed Roof Drain

Peak Elev=85.18' Storage=2,528 cf Inflow=16.86 cfs 59,586 cf

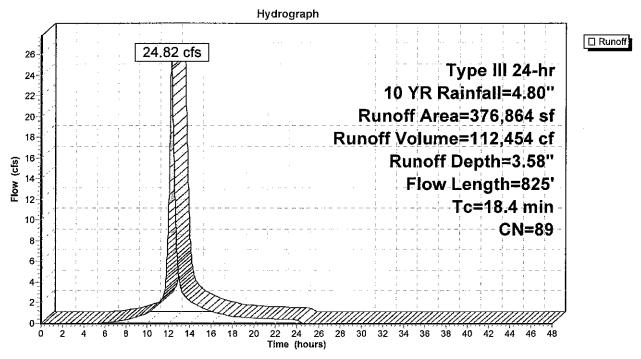
Discarded=0.05 cfs 4,864 cf Primary=16.48 cfs 54,723 cf Outflow=16.52 cfs 59,587 cf

Total Runoff Area = 1,106,349 sf Runoff Volume = 269,655 cf Average Runoff Depth = 2.92" 63.72% Pervious = 704,940 sf 36.28% Impervious = 401,409 sf Prepared by {enter your company name here}
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Page 15

Subcatchment POST-1: Post Development Area 1



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Page 17

Summary for Subcatchment POST-2: Post Development Area 2

Runoff

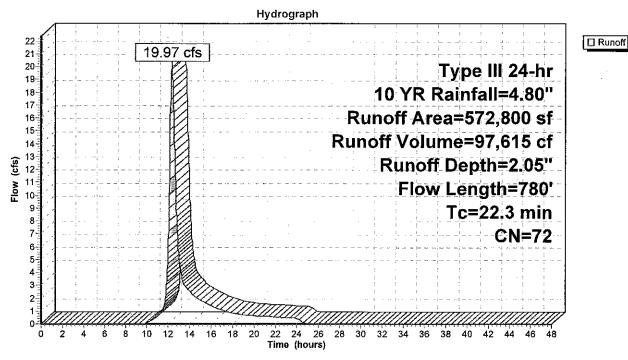
19.97 cfs @ 12.32 hrs, Volume=

97,615 cf. Depth= 2.05"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 YR Rainfall=4.80"

_	Α	rea (sf)	CN E	Description		
	5	72,800	72 V	Voods/gras	s comb., G	Good, HSG C
	5	72,800	1	00.00% Pe	ervious Are	a
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
	17.0	50	0.0080	0.05		Sheet Flow, A-B Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"
	5.3	730	0.0200	2.28		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
_	22.3	780	Total			

Subcatchment POST-2: Post Development Area 2



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Page 19

Summary for Pond POND-1: Proposed Detention Basin

Inflow Area = 533,549 sf, 75.23% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.76" for 10 YR event

Inflow = 34.93 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 167,178 cf

Outflow = 7.39 cfs @ 12.82 hrs, Volume= 167,184 cf, Atten= 79%, Lag= 40.2 min

Discarded = 1.52 cfs @ 13.41 hrs, Volume= 98,289 cf Primary = 5.91 cfs @ 12.82 hrs, Volume= 68,895 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs Peak Elev= 80.07' @ 12.82 hrs Surf.Area= 62,737 sf Storage= 82,079 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 321.2 min (1,113.4 - 792.2)

Volume	ln	vert Avail	.Storage	Storage	Description	
#1	78	.00' 16	88,392 cf	Custom	Stage Data (Pris	smatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevation (fee		Surf.Area (sq-ft)		.Store c-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
78.	00	28,379		0	0	
79.	00	31,416	2	9,898	29,898	
80.6	00	64,510	4	7,963	77,861	
81.6	00	37,769	5	1,140	129,000	
82.	00	41,014	3	9,392	168,392	
Device	Routing	ı İnv	ert Outle	et Devices	;	
#1	Primary	78.		" Round		advall Ko= 0.500

	7 10 01 111 19		
#1	Primary	78.00'	18.0" Round Culvert
			L= 30.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 78.00' / 77.50' S= 0.0167 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.011, Flow Area= 1.77 sf
#2	Device 1	78.50'	4.0" Vert. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600
#3	Device 1	79.50'	4.0' long Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir 2 End Contraction(s)
#4	Discarded	78.00'	1.020 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area

Discarded OutFlow Max=1.52 cfs @ 13.41 hrs HW=80.00' (Free Discharge) **4=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 1.52 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=5.91 cfs @ 12.82 hrs HW=80.07' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)

1=Culvert (Passes 5.91 cfs of 9.76 cfs potential flow)

2=Orifice/Grate (Orifice Controls 0.50 cfs @ 5.70 fps)

—3=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 5.42 cfs @ 2.46 fps)

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Page 21

Summary for Pond RECH-1: Proposed Roof Drain Recharge Trench

Inflow Area = 156,685 sf,100.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.56" for 10 YR event

Inflow = 16.86 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 59,586 cf

Outflow = 16.52 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 59,587 cf, Atten= 2%, Lag= 1.0 min

Discarded = 0.05 cfs @ 2.20 hrs, Volume= 4,864 cf Primary = 16.48 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 54,723 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs Peak Elev= 85.18' @ 12.10 hrs Surf.Area= 1,956 sf Storage= 2,528 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 27.3 min calculated for 59,562 cf (100% of inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 27.4 min (776.1 - 748.7)

<u>Volume</u>	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	83.00'	1,733 cf	4.00'W x 489.00'L x 3.00'H Prismatoid
			5,868 cf Overall - 1,536 cf Embedded = 4,332 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2	83.50'	1,536 cf	24.0" Round Pipe Storage Inside #1
			L= 489.0'
		3,269 cf	Total Available Storage

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	83.00'	1.030 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	84.00'	18.0" Round Culvert X 3.00
			L= 140.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 84.00' / 80.00' S= 0.0286 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior. Flow Area= 1.77 sf

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.05 cfs @ 2.20 hrs HW=83.03' (Free Discharge) 1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.05 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=16.48 cfs @ 12.10 hrs HW=85.18' TW=79.27' (Dynamic Tailwater) 2=Culvert (Inlet Controls 16.48 cfs @ 3.69 fps)

Type III 24-hr 25 YR Rainfall=5.60"

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Page 23

Time span=0.00-48.00 hrs, dt=0.02 hrs, 2401 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment POST-1: Post

Runoff Area=376,864 sf 64.94% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.35" Flow Length=825' Tc=18.4 min CN=89 Runoff=29.88 cfs 136,572 cf

Subcatchment POST-1A: Post

Runoff Area=156,685 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.36" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=19.70 cfs 70,016 cf

Subcatchment POST-2: Post Development Runoff Area=572,800 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.67" Flow Length=780' Tc=22.3 min CN=72 Runoff=26.34 cfs 127,421 cf

Pond AP-1: Surrounding Wetland System

Inflow=31.88 cfs 225,549 cf Primary=31.88 cfs 225,549 cf

Pond POND-1: Proposed Detention Basin Peak Elev=80.30' Storage=96,271 cf Inflow=41.65 cfs 201,686 cf Discarded=1.52 cfs 103,559 cf Primary=9.60 cfs 98,128 cf Outflow=10.93 cfs 201,687 cf

Pond RECH-1: Proposed Roof Drain

Peak Elev=85.32' Storage=2,692 cf Inflow=19.70 cfs 70,016 cf

Discarded=0.05 cfs 4,904 cf Primary=19.27 cfs 65,114 cf Outflow=19.31 cfs 70,018 cf

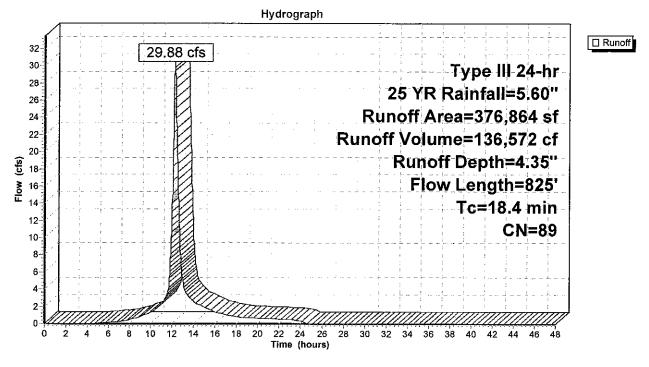
Total Runoff Area = 1,106,349 sf Runoff Volume = 334,010 cf Average Runoff Depth = 3.62" 63.72% Pervious = 704,940 sf 36.28% Impervious = 401,409 sf

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Page 25

Subcatchment POST-1: Post Development Area 1



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Page 27

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Summary for Subcatchment POST-2: Post Development Area 2

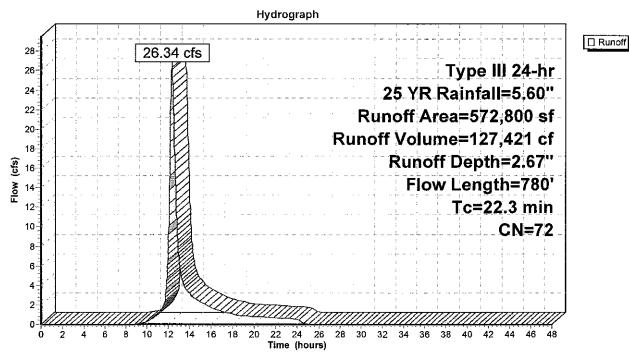
Runoff = 26.34 cfs @ 12.32 hrs, Volume=

127,421 cf, Depth= 2.67"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs Type III 24-hr 25 YR Rainfall=5.60"

 Α	rea (sf)	CN [Description		
5	72,800	72 V	Voods/gras	ss comb., C	Good, HSG C
5	72,800	1	00.00% Pe	ervious Are	a
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
17.0	50	0.0080	0.05		Sheet Flow, A-B Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"
 5.3	730	0.0200	2.28		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
22.3	780	Total			

Subcatchment POST-2: Post Development Area 2



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Summary for Pond POND-1: Proposed Detention Basin

Inflow Area = 533,549 sf, 75.23% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.54" for 25 YR event

Inflow = 41.65 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 201,686 cf

Outflow = 10.93 cfs @ 12.73 hrs, Volume= 201,687 cf, Atten= 74%, Lag= 34.6 min

Discarded = 1.52 cfs @ 14.18 hrs, Volume= 103,559 cf Primary = 9.60 cfs @ 12.73 hrs, Volume= 98,128 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs Peak Elev= 80.30' @ 12.73 hrs Surf.Area= 56,364 sf Storage= 96,271 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 292.6 min (1,080.3 - 787.7)

<u>Volume</u>	lnv	ert Avail.St	orage Stor	age Description	
#1	78.0	00' 168,3	392 cf Cus	tom Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio		Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Stor		
78.0	00	28,379		0 0	
79.0	00	31,416	29,89	8 29,898	
80.0	00	64,510	47,96	3 77,861	
81.0	00	37,769	51,14	0 129,000	
82.0	00	41,014	39,39	2 168,392	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet De	vices	
#1	Primary	78.00'		und Culvert	

_ +			
#1	Primary	78.00'	18.0" Round Culvert
			L= 30.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500
-			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 78.00° / 77.50° S= 0.0167 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.011, Flow Area= 1.77 sf
#2	Device 1	78.50'	4.0" Vert. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600
#3	Device 1	79.50'	4.0' long Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir 2 End Contraction(s)
#4	Discarded	78.00'	1.020 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area

Discarded OutFlow Max=1.52 cfs @ 14.18 hrs HW=80.00' (Free Discharge) **4=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 1.52 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=9.60 cfs @ 12.73 hrs HW=80.30' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)

1=Culvert (Passes 9.60 cfs of 10.61 cfs potential flow)

2=Orifice/Grate (Orifice Controls 0.54 cfs @ 6.16 fps)

-3=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 9.06 cfs @ 2.93 fps)

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Page 31

Summary for Pond RECH-1: Proposed Roof Drain Recharge Trench

Inflow Area =

156,685 sf,100.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 5.36" for 25 YR event

Inflow

19.70 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume=

70.016 cf 70,018 cf, Atten= 2%, Lag= 1.0 min

Outflow Discarded = 19.31 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 0.05 cfs @ 1.78 hrs, Volume=

4,904 cf

Primary

19.27 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume=

65.114 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs

Peak Elev= 85.32' @ 12.10 hrs Surf.Area= 1,956 sf Storage= 2,692 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 24.1 min calculated for 69,989 cf (100% of inflow)

Center-of-Mass det, time= 24.3 min (770.5 - 746.2)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	83.00'	1,733 cf	4.00'W x 489.00'L x 3.00'H Prismatoid
			5,868 cf Overall - 1,536 cf Embedded = 4,332 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2	83.50'	1,536 cf	24.0" Round Pipe Storage Inside #1
			L= 489.0'
<u> </u>	•	0.000 (T () A () 1 0

3,269 cf Total Available Storage

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	83.00'	1.030 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	84.00'	18.0" Round Culvert X 3.00
			L= 140.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 84.00' / 80.00' S= 0.0286 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior, Flow Area= 1.77 sf

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.05 cfs @ 1.78 hrs HW=83.03' (Free Discharge) 1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.05 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=19.26 cfs @ 12.10 hrs HW=85.32' TW=79.52' (Dynamic Tailwater) 2=Culvert (Inlet Controls 19.26 cfs @ 3.91 fps)

Type III 24-hr 100 YR Rainfall=7.00" Printed 3/21/2018

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Page 33

Time span=0.00-48.00 hrs, dt=0.02 hrs, 2401 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment POST-1: Post

Runoff Area=376,864 sf 64.94% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.71" Flow Length=825' Tc=18.4 min CN=89 Runoff=38.70 cfs 179,264 cf

SubcatchmentPOST-1A: Post

Runoff Area=156,685 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.76" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=24.67 cfs 88,278 cf

Subcatchment POST-2: Post Development Runoff Area=572,800 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.83" Flow Length=780' Tc=22.3 min CN=72 Runoff=38.02 cfs 182,774 cf

Pond AP-1: Surrounding Wetland System

Inflow=49.04 cfs 335,509 cf Primary=49.04 cfs 335,509 cf

Pond POND-1: Proposed Detention Peak Elev=80.88' Storage=124,411 cf Inflow=53.53 cfs 262,595 cf Discarded=1.52 cfs 109,871 cf Primary=12.43 cfs 152,735 cf Outflow=13.39 cfs 262,606 cf

Pond RECH-1: Proposed Roof Drain

Peak Elev=85.64' Storage=2,990 cf Inflow=24.67 cfs 88,278 cf

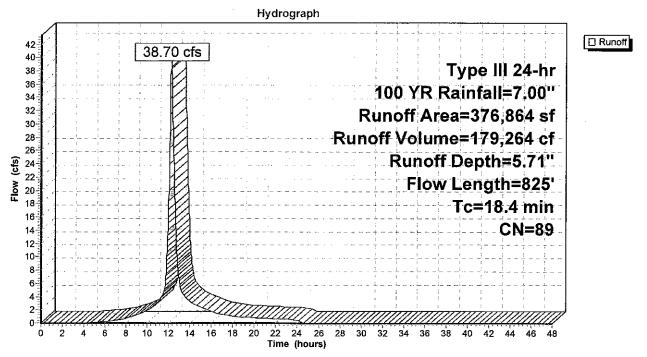
Discarded=0.05 cfs 4,947 cf Primary=24.14 cfs 83,331 cf Outflow=24.18 cfs 88,279 cf

Total Runoff Area = 1,106,349 sf Runoff Volume = 450,315 cf Average Runoff Depth = 4.88" 63.72% Pervious = 704,940 sf 36.28% Impervious = 401,409 sf

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Page 35

Subcatchment POST-1: Post Development Area 1



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Page 37

Summary for Subcatchment POST-2: Post Development Area 2

Runoff

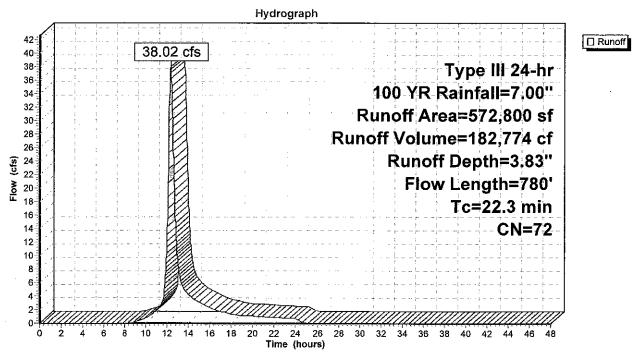
38.02 cfs @ 12.31 hrs, Volume=

182,774 cf, Depth= 3.83"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 YR Rainfall=7.00"

A	rea (sf)	CN I	Description		
5	72,800	72 \	Noods/gras	ss comb., C	Good, HSG C
5	72,800	•	100.00% P	ervious Are	a
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	•	Capacity (cfs)	Description
17.0	50	0.0080	0.05	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Sheet Flow, A-B Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"
5.3	730	0.0200	2.28		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
22,3	780	Total	•		<u> </u>

Subcatchment POST-2: Post Development Area 2



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Page 39

Summary for Pond POND-1: Proposed Detention Basin

Inflow Area = 533,549 sf, 75.23% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 5.91" for 100 YR event

Inflow = 53.53 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 262,595 cf

Outflow = 13.39 cfs @ 12.74 hrs, Volume= 262,606 cf, Atten= 75%, Lag= 35.2 min

Discarded = 1.52 cfs @ 15.16 hrs, Volume= 109,871 cf Primary = 12.43 cfs @ 12.74 hrs, Volume= 152,735 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs Peak Elev= 80.88' @ 12.74 hrs Surf.Area= 40,889 sf Storage= 124,411 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 261.4 min calculated for 262,497 cf (100% of inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 261.7 min (1,043.2 - 781.5)

<u>Volume</u>	In	vert A	vail.Sto	rage Storag	ge Description	
#1	· 78	.00'	168,39	92 cf Custo	om Stage Data (Pr	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevation (fee		Surf.Are (sq-		Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
78.6 79.6 80.6 81.6 82.6	00 00 00	28,37 31,47 64,57 41,07	16 10 39	0 29,898 47,963 51,140 39,392	29,898 77,861 129,000 168,392	
Device	Routing]	Invert	Outlet Devi	ces	
-#1	Driman	,	79 001	19 A" Dau	ad Culvert	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Device	Routing	inveπ	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	78.00'	18.0" Round Culvert
			L= 30.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 78.00' / 77.50' S= 0.0167 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.011, Flow Area= 1.77 sf
#2	Device 1	78.50'	4.0" Vert. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600
#3	Device 1	79.50'	4.0' long Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir 2 End Contraction(s)
#4	Discarded	78.00'	1.020 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area

Discarded OutFlow Max=1.52 cfs @ 15.16 hrs HW=80.00' (Free Discharge) **4=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 1.52 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=12.43 cfs @ 12.74 hrs HW=80.88' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)

-1=Culvert (Inlet Controls 12.43 cfs @ 7.03 fps)

-2=Orifice/Grate (Passes < 0.63 cfs potential flow)

-3=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir (Passes < 19.81 cfs potential flow)

Summary for Pond RECH-1: Proposed Roof Drain Recharge Trench

88,279 cf, Atten= 2%, Lag= 1.0 min	24.18 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume=	Outflow =
4,947 cf	0.05 cfs @ 1.34 hrs, Volume=	Discarded =
83,331 cf	24.14 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume=	Primary =
	156,685 sf, 100.00% Impervious, 24.67 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume=	= sətA woltri = woltri

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs Peak Elev= 85.64' @ 12.10 hrs Surf.Area= 1,956 sf Storage= 2,990 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 20.2 min calculated for 88,242 of (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 20.3 min (763.3 - 743.0)

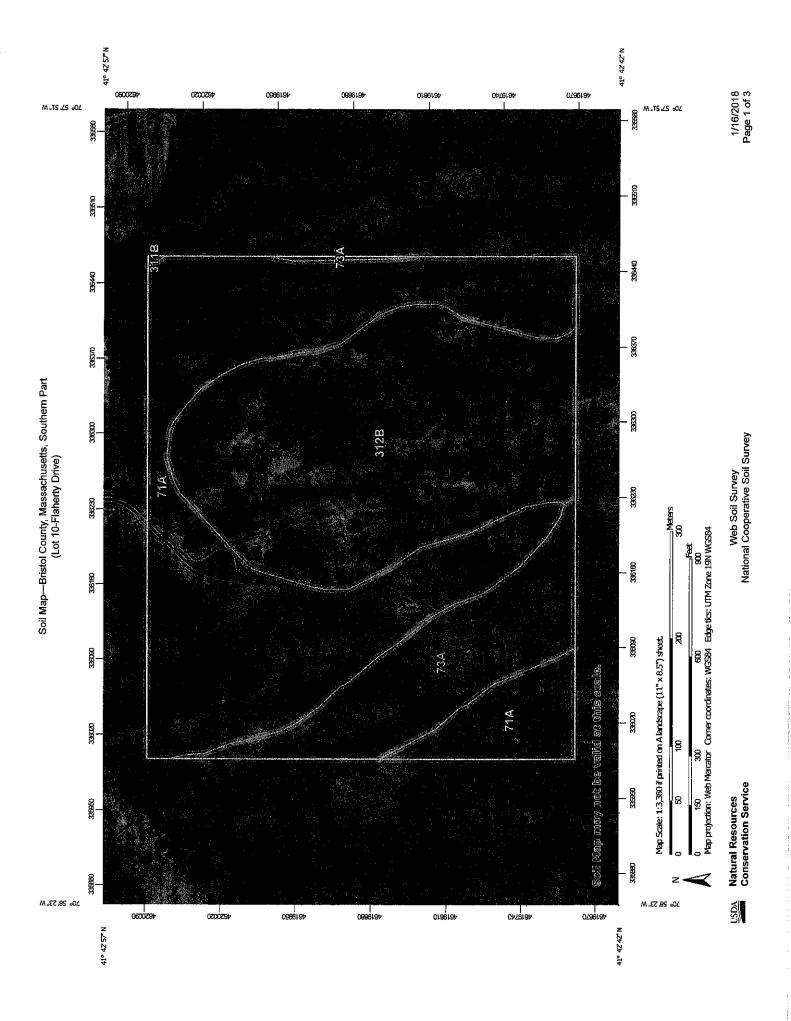
0 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area " Round Culvert X 3.00 40.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500	84.00° 1 8.0	Discarded Primary	Z# ι#
et Devices	ltuO hevnl	Routing	Device
Total Available Storage	3,269 cf		
5,868 cf Overall - 1,536 cf Embedded = 4,332 cf x 40.0% Voids 24.0" Round Pipe Storage Inside #1 L= 489.0'	1,536 cf	'03.58	Ζ#
biotsmaing H'00.8 x J'00.684 x W'00.4	15.857, f	'00.68	l#
Storage Description	Avail.Storage	həvnl	olume

L= 140.0 CPP, square edge neadwail, Re- 0.000 linlet / Outlet Invert= 84.00' / 80.00' S= 0.0286 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior, Flow Area= 1.77 sf

Primary OutFlow Max=24.13 cfs @ 12.10 hrs HW=85.64' TW=79.88' (Dynamic Tailwater)

Section 4

Supplemental Data



Soil Map—Bristol County, Massachusetts, Southern Part (Lot 10-Flaherty Drive)

i.,

MAP LEGEND

Spoil Area	Stony Spot		very stony spor	Wet Spot	Other	Special Line Features	Water Features	Streams and Canals		ransportation +++	Interstate Highways	US Routes	Major Roads	Local Roads	puno	Aerial Photography			
M	ak)	. (8	蒙古	◁	Ķ	Water F	4	Transfer	#	9		Ŷ,	Ů.	Background	F 169			
Area of Interest (AOI)	Area of Interest (AOI)		Soil Map Unit Polygons	Soil Map Unit Lines	Soil Map Unit Points	Special Point Features	Blowout	#iQ morro		Clay Spot	Closed Depression	Gravel Pit	Gravelly Spot	Landfill	Lava Flow	Marsh or swamp	Mine or Quamy	Miscellaneous Water	
Area of Ir		Soils				Special	(0)) <u>(</u>	3	莱	\(\)	凑	• 3	E)	essent.	4	K	0	ı

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1.20,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements. Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required. This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Bristol County, Massachusetts, Southern Part Survey Area Data: Version 11, Oct 6, 2017 Soil Survey Area:

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger. Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Dec 31, 2009—Jun 7,

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shiffing of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Severely Eroded Spot

Slide or Slip

Sinkhole

0 Sodic Spot

Sandy Spot

Saline Spot

Perennial Water Rock Outcrop

0 3

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
71A	Ridgebury fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, extremely stony	22,0	47.6%
73A	Whitman fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, extremely stony	6.5	14.0%
311B	Woodbridge fine sandy loam, 0 to 8 percent slopes, very stony	0.0	0.0%
312B	Woodbridge fine sandy loam, 0 to 8 percent slopes, extremely stony	17.7	38.3%
Totals for Area of Interest		46.3	100.0%

Boring B-1 Page 1 of 1

Project: Prop e	osed Frozen Storage Building, Fl	aherty Drive Site, New I	Bedford, MA			
Client: Raw	Seafoods Inc.		LGCI Project No.: 1611			
Drilling Subcontracte	or: Soil Exploration Corp.	Date Started:	3/31/2016			
Drilling Foreman:	George Guinto	Date Completed:	3/31/2016			
LGCI Engineer:	Todd Dwyer	Location:	Western side of proposed footprint			
Ground Surface El:	95.5 feet, see remark 1	Total Depth:	25 feet			
Groundwater Depth:	5' based on sample moisture	Drill Rig Type:	CME 750 ATV			
		Drilling Method:	4 1/4" Hollow Stem Augers			
Hammer Weight:	140 lbs	Split Spoon Diameter: ID - 1.375", OD - 2"				
Hammer Type:	Automatic	Rock Core Barrel Size: IN/A				
Drop:	30 inches					

Depth	Sample	Sample	ВІ	ows pe	r 6 inch	es	Pen	Rec	Remarks	Strata	Sample Description
Scale	Depth (ft)	No	0-6	6-12	12-18	18-24	(in)	(in)	Rem		
	0 - 2	S1	WOH	1	7	15	24	18		Forest Mat/ Subsoil	S1 - Top 6": Forest Mat Mid 6": Silty SAND (SM), fine to medium, trace coarse, 40-45%
	2 - 4	S2	14	20	21	21	24	15			fines, 0-5% fine gravel, <5% organics, orange brown, moist Bot. 6": Silty SAND (SM) fine to medium, 40-45% fines, orange brown, moist
5ft											S2 - Silty SAND (SM), fine to medium, 40-45% fines, 0-5% fine gravel, light gray, moist S3 - Silty SAND (SM), fine to medium, trace coarse, 30-35%
	5-7	<u>\$3</u>	10	11	15	18	24	12			fines, gray, wet
								-74			
10ft										Sand	
	10-12	S4	_17	46	36	21	24	14			S4 - Silty SAND (SM), fine to medium, ~5% coarse, 25-30% fines, 5-10% fine to coarse gravel, gray, wet
15ft											S5 - Silty SAND (SM), fine to medium, 25-30% fines, 10-15% fine to coarse gravel, gray, wet
	15-17	S 5	13	14	19	26	24	15			inie to coarse graver, gray, wet
								-			
20ft									3	20.4"	
	20-20.4	S6	65/5"				5	5			S6 - Similar to S5, weathered rock fragments in sampler tip - possible weathered bedrock
										Weathered Bedrock	
									3		End of boring at 25 feet. Backfilled borehole with drill cuttings.

^{1 -} Ground surface elevations were estimated by plotting the boring/test pit locations on the plan titled: "Site Plan, Site Schematic, Raw Seafoods, Inc., Flaherty Drive Extension, New Bedford, Massachusetts, prepared by Field Engineering Co. Inc., dated 2/18/16; and interpolating between elevation contours to the nearest 1/2 foot.

^{2 -} Boring performed in excavator track approximately 12 inches below adjacent ground surface.
3 - Apparent weathered bedrock at about 20.4 feet based on drill action. Advanced HSA to 25 feet

Boring B-2 Page 1 of 1

Project: Propo s	sed Frozen Storage Building, Fla	herty Drive Site, New I	Bedford, MA				
Client: Raw S	eafoods Inc.		LGCI Project No.: 1611				
Drilling Subcontractor	Soil Exploration Corp.	Date Started:	3/30/2016				
Drilling Foreman:	George Guinto	Date Completed:	3/30/2016				
LGCI Engineer:	Todd Dwyer	Location:	Northern side of proposed footprint				
Ground Surface Ei:	94.5 feet, see remark 1	Total Depth:	20.3 feet				
Groundwater Depth:	5 feet, with water visibly flowing	Drill Rig Type:	CME 750 ATV				
	into borehole upon completion.	Drilling Method:	4 1/4" Hollow Stem Augers				
Hammer Weight:	140 lbs	Split Spoon Diameter: ID - 1.375", OD - 2"					
Hammer Type:	Automatic	Rock Core Barrel Size: ∃N/A					
Drop:	30 inches						

Depth	Sample	Sample	ВІ	ows pe	r 6 inch	es	Pen	Rec	Remarks	Strata	Sample Description
Scale	Depth (ft)	No	0-6	6-12	12-18	18-24	(in)	(in)	Ren		
	0-2	S1	1	1	11	1	24	4		Forest Mat/	Top 8": Forest Mat S1 - Silty SAND (SM), fine to medium, 35-40% fines, orange
	2-4	S2	2	3	20	24	24	8	2	Subseil -3.0	brown, moist to wet S2 - Top 4": Similar to S1 Bot. 4": Silty SAND (SM), fine to medium, trace coarse, 35-40% fines, 10-15% fine gravel, light gray, wet
5ft	5-7	S 3	13	18	21	20	24	20			S3 - Similar to S2, bot. 4".
10ft	10.10	C4	40	40	45	45				Sand	S3 - Similar to S2, bot. 4".
	10-12	\$4 	10	13	15	15	24	14			33 - 3iiiilai 10 32, but. 4 .
15ft											
	15-17	\$5	19	30	28	27	24	18			S5 - Silty SAND (SM), fine to coarse , 25-30% fines with occasional silt seams up to 1" thick, \sim 5% fine gravel, gray, wet
20ft										20.4	
	20-20.3	<u>\$6</u>	70/4"				4	4	3	20.4	S6 - Silty SAND with Gravel (SM), fine to medium, trace coarse, 25-30% fines, 15-20% fine gravel, gray, wet
											End of Boring at 20.3 feet. Backfilled borehole with drill cuttings.
Remar											

^{1 -} Ground surface elevations were estimated by plotting the boring/test pit locations on the plan titled: "Site Plan, Site Schematic, Raw Seafoods, Inc., Flaherty Drive Extension, New Bedford, Massachusetts, prepared by Field Engineering Co. Inc., dated 2/18/16; and interpolating between elevation 2 - Bottom of subsoil at 3 feet based on SPT N-values.

^{3 -} Rock fragment (granite) in sampler tip, possible boulder.

gama Geolechinear Cemsar	rage i oi i					
Project: Propo	sed Frozen Storage Building, Flah	erty Drive Site, New	Bedford, MA			
Client: Raw S	eafoods Inc.		LGCI Project No.: 1611			
Drilling Subcontracto	r: Soil Exploration Corp.	Date Started:	3/30/2016			
Drilling Foreman:	George Guinto	Date Completed:	3/30/2016			
LGCI Engineer:	Todd Dwyer	Location:	Eastern side of proposed footprint			
Ground Surface El:	88 feet, see remark 1	Total Depth:	22 feet			
Groundwater Depth:	3 feet upon completion of drilling,	Drill Rig Type:	CME 750 ATV			
	water weeping into hole at 2 feet.	Drilling Method:	4 1/4" Hollow Stem Augers			
Hammer Weight:	140 lbs	Split Spoon Diameter: ID - 1.375", OD - 2"				
Hammer Type:	Automatic	Rock Core Barrel Size: 1N/A				
Drop:	30 inches					

Sample	Sample	ВІ	ows pe	r 6 inch	es	Pen	Rec	arks	Strata	Sample Description
Depth (ft)	No	0-6				(in)	(in)	Rem		
0-2	S1	_1	1	4	6	24	10		Forest Mat/ Subsoil	Top 6": Forest Mat S1 - Silty SAND (SM), fine to medium, 35-40% fines, orange brown, moist
2 - 4	S2	17	25	31	21	24	18	2		S2 - Silty SAND with Gravel (SM), fine to medium, trace coarse, 35-40% fines, 20-25% fine to coarse gravel, light gray, wet
5 - 7	S3	15	21	17	23	24	13			S3 - Similar to S2
					20	27	2	2	20	
								J		
10-12	S4	8	11	13	13	24	20		Sand	S4 - Similar to S2, 15-20% fine gravel, occasional silt seams up to 1" thick
45.47		40		00	40					S5 - Silty SAND (SM), fine to medium, 25-30% fines, 5-10% fine
15-17	85	18	22	28	42	24_	15			gravel, gray, wet
20-22	S6	18	34	29	31	24	18		22.0!	S6 - Similar to S5
										End of Boring at 22 feet. Backfilled borehole with drill cuttings.
	Depth (ft) 0 - 2 2 - 4 5 - 7	Depth (ft) No 0 - 2 S1 2 - 4 S2 5 - 7 S3 10-12 S4 15-17 S5	Depth (ft) No 0-6 0 - 2 S1 1 2 - 4 S2 17 5 - 7 S3 15 10-12 S4 8 15-17 S5 18	Depth (ft) No 0-6 6-12 0 - 2 S1 1 1 1	Depth (ff) No 0-6 6-12 12-18 0 - 2 S1 1 1 4 2 - 4 S2 17 25 31 5 - 7 S3 15 21 17 10-12 S4 8 11 13 15-17 S5 18 22 28	Depth (ft) No 0-6 6-12 12-18 18-24 0 - 2 S1 1 1 4 6	Depth (ff) No 0-6 6-12 12-18 18-24 (in) 0-2 S1 1 1 1 4 6 24 2-4 S2 17 25 31 21 24 5-7 S3 15 21 17 23 24 10-12 S4 8 11 13 13 24 15-17 S5 18 22 28 42 24	Depth (ft) No 0-6 6-12 12-18 18-24 (in) (in) 0 - 2 S1 1 1 1 4 6 24 10 2 4 18 2 4 52 17 25 31 21 24 18 5 5 - 7 S3 15 21 17 23 24 13 5 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Depth (ft) No 0-6 6-12 12-18 18-24 (in) (in) &	0-2 S1 1 1 1 4 6 24 10

^{1 -} Ground surface elevations were estimated by plotting the boring/test pit locations on the plan titled: "Site Plan, Site Schematic, Raw Seafoods, Inc., Flaherty Drive Extension, New Bedford, Massachusetts, prepared by Field Engineering Co. Inc., dated 2/18/16; and interpolating between elevation 2 - Cobbles and boulders based on drill action.

^{3 -} Auger refusal on boulder, offset 6 feet southwest and resumed sampling at 10 feet.

Boring B-4 Page 1 of 1

Project: Propo	sed Frozen Storage Building, Fla	aherty Drive Site, New	Bedford, MA
Client: Raw S	eafoods Inc.		LGCI Project No.: 1611
Drilling Subcontracto	r: Soil Exploration Corp.	Date Started:	3/30/2016
Drilling Foreman:	George Guinto	Date Completed:	3/30/2016
LGCI Engineer:	Todd Dwyer	Location:	Southern side of proposed footprint
Ground Surface El:	92 feet, see remark 1	Total Depth:	21.5 feet
Groundwater Depth:	5' and rising upon completion	Drill Rig Type:	CME 750 ATV
	of drilling	Drilling Method:	4 1/4" Hollow Stem Augers
Hammer Weight:	140 lbs	Split Spoon Diamete	r: ID - 1.375", OD - 2"
Hammer Type:	Automatic	Rock Core Barrel Siz	ze: ∃N/A
Drop:	30 inches		

Depth	Sample	Sample	В	ows pe	r 6 inch	es	Pen	Rec	Remarks	Strata	Sample Description
Scale	Depth (ft)	No	0-6	6-12	12-18	18-24	(in)	(in)	Re.	(20.00 × 20.00 × 20.00	
	0-2	<u>S</u> 1	1	1	1	_ 1	24	2		Forest Mat/ Subsoil -2.0	Top 8": Forest Mat S1 - Silty SAND (SM), fine to medium, 25-30% fines,5-10% fine gravel, orange brown, moist to wet
ı	2 - 4	S2	9	26	30	26	24	17	1		S2 - Silty SAND with Gravel (SM), fine to medium, trace coarse, 25-30% fines, 25-30% fine to coarse gravel, gray, wet
5ft	5 - 7	S3	15	14	15	31	24	20			S3 - Similar to S2, 20-25% fines
		00		14		31	27	20			
10ft											
	10-12	S4	15	15	18	26	24	18			S4 - Similar to S2, 30-35% fines, occasional silt seams up to 1" thick, light brown to gray
15ft											
	15-17	S5	24	42	47	48	24	22			S5 - Silty SAND with Gravel (SM), fine to medium, 20-25% fines with occasional silt seams up to 1 inch thick, 15-20% fine to coarse gravel, light gray, wet
20ft										Sand	
	20-21.5	S6_	15	20	75/6"		18	12	3	21.5	S6 - Silty SAND (SM) fine to medium, 30-35% fines, 5-10% fine gravel, cobble at sampler tip, gray, wet
							=				End of Boring at 21.5 feet. Backfilled borehole with drill cuttings.
}											

^{1 -} Ground surface elevations were estimated by plotting the boring/test pit locations on the plan titled: "Site Plan, Site Schematic, Raw Seafoods, Inc., Flaherty Drive Extension, New Bedford, Massachusetts, prepared by Field Engineering Co. Inc., dated 2/18/16; and interpolating between elevation 2 - Cobbles below 2 feet based on drill action.

^{3 - 50} blows for last 2 inches.

Boring B-5 Page 1 of 1

Project: Propo s	sed Frozen Storage Building, Fla	herty Drive Site, New I	Bedford, MA
Client: Raw S	eafoods Inc.		LGCI Project No.: 1611
Drilling Subcontractor	Soil Exploration Corp.	Date Started:	3/30/2016
Drilling Foreman:	George Guinto	Date Completed:	3/31/2016
LGCI Engineer:	Todd Dwyer	Location:	Center of proposed footprint
Ground Surface El:	93 feet, see remark 1	Total Depth:	35 feet
Groundwater Depth:	4.5' upon completion of drilling	Drill Rig Type:	CME 750 ATV
		Drilling Method:	4 1/4" Hollow Stem Augers
Hammer Weight:	140 lbs	Split Spoon Diamete	r: ID - 1.375", OD - 2"
Hammer Type:	Automatic	Rock Core Barrel Siz	ze: IN/A
Drop:	30 inches		

Depth	Sample	Sample	BI	ows pe	r 6 inch	es	Pen	Rec	캶	Strata	Sample Description
Scale	Depth (ft)	No	0-6		12-18		(in)	(in)	Remarks		
	0-2	S1	1	1	1	4	24	4		Forest Mat/ Subsoil	Top 8": Forest Mat S1 - Silty SAND (SM), fine to medium, 35-40% fines, 0-5% fine gravel, orange brown, wet
	2-4	S2	14	17	17	20	24	10			S2 - Silty SAND with Gravel (SM), fine to medium, 25-30% fines, 15-20% fine to coarse gravel, gray, wet
5ft	5-7	00	40	45	00						S3 - Similar to S2
	5-7	S3	10	15	20	22	24	12			
10ft		· · · · · ·									
	10-12	S4	14	13	15	25	24	24		Sand	S4 - Silty SAND (SM), fine to coarse, 25-30% fines with occasional silt seams up to 2" thick, 5-10% fine gravel, gray, wet
15ft								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	15-17	\$5 	6	11	12	21	24	12			S5 - Similar to S4, 10-15% fine gravel
20ft											
ľ	20-21.3	<u>\$6</u>	22	69	64/4"		16	12			S6 - Silty SAND with Gravel (SM) fine to coarse, 25-30% fines with occasional silt seams up to 2" thick, 15-20% fine gravel, gray, wet
										25.0'	

Remarks:

1 - Ground surface elevations were estimated by plotting the boring/test pit locations on the plan titled: "Site Plan, Site Schematic, Raw Seafoods, Inc., Flaherty Drive Extension, New Bedford, Massachusetts, prepared by Field Engineering Co. Inc., dated 2/18/16; and interpolating between elevation contours to the nearest 1/2 foot.



Project:	Proposed Frozen Storage Building, Flaherty Drive Site, New Bedford, MA	
Client:	Raw Seafoods, Inc.	LGCI Project No.: 1611

Cilen	· · · · · ·	raw se	aioot	, IIIC	''						LGCI Project No.: 1611
Depth	Sample	Sample	В	lows pe	r 6 inch	105	Pen	Rec	Remarks	Strata	Sample Description
Scale	Depth (ft)	No	0-6	6-12	12-18	18-24	(in)	(in)	Re		
	25-26.6	S7	13	21	62	30/1"	19	12			S7 - Silty SAND (SM) fine, trace medium, 40-45% fines, 5-10% fine gravel, orange brown, wet (highly weathered rock)
30 ft										المراقع المراق	
	30-30.3	S8	60/4"				4	4		Weathered Bedrock	S8 - Silty SAND (SM) fine to medium, 35-40% fines, 0-5% fine gravel, orange brown, wet (highly weathered rock)
							•				
35 ft	35	S9_	50/0.5	5"			0.5	0.5		~35.04	S9 - Similar to S8
											Bottom of the borehole at 35.04 feet. The borehole was backfilled using drill cuttings.
40 ft											
45 ft											
			•				_				
50 ft											
Domar											

Boring B-6 Page 1 of 1

Project: Propo	sed Frozen Storage Building, Fl	aherty Drive Site, New I	Bedford, MA
Client: Raw S	eafoods Inc.		LGCI Project No.: 1611
Drilling Subcontractor	: Soil Exploration Corp.	Date Started:	3/31/2016
Drilling Foreman:	George Guinto	Date Completed:	3/31/2016
LGCI Engineer:	Todd Dwyer	Location:	NE corner of proposed footprint
Ground Surface El:	90 feet, see remark 1	Total Depth:	12 feet
Groundwater Depth:	4' upon completion of drilling	Drill Rig Type:	CME 750 ATV
		Drilling Method:	4 1/4" Hollow Stem Augers
Hammer Weight:	140 lbs	Split Spoon Diamete	r: ID - 1.375", OD - 2"
Hammer Type:	Automatic	Rock Core Barrel Siz	ze: IN/A
Drop:	30 inches		

Depth	Sample	Sample	BI	ows pe	r 6 inch	es	Pen	Rec	Remarks	Strata	Sample Description
Scale	Depth (ft)	No	0-6	6-12	12-18	18-24	(in)	(in)	Re		
	0-2	S1	WOH	1	WOH	1	24	10		Forest Met/ Subsoil	S1 - Top 6": Forest Mat Bot. 4": Silty SAND (SM), fine to medium, ~ 30% fines, 5-10% fine gravel, orange brown, wet
	2-4	S2	3	_17	34	31	24	18		~2.5 !	S2 - Top 2": Similar S1, bot. 4". Bot. 14": Silty SAND with Gravel (SM), fine to coarse, 25-30% fines, 15-20% fine gravel, gray, wet
5ft	5 - 6.8	S 3	28	16	17	50/3"	21	12			S3 - Similar to S2, Bot. 16".
										Sand	
10ft											
	10-12	S4	8	12	15	20	24	16		12.0	S4 - Similar to S2, Bot. 16".
											End of Boring at 12 feet. Backfilled borehole with drill cuttings.
15ft											
20ft											
				-							

^{1 -} Ground surface elevations were estimated by plotting the boring/test pit locations on the plan titled: "Site Plan, Site Schematic, Raw Seafoods, Inc., Flaherty Drive Extension, New Bedford, Massachusetts, prepared by Field Engineering Co. Inc., dated 2/18/16; and interpolating between elevation contours to the nearest 1/2 foot.

Project: Propo	sed Frozen Storage Building, Fla	herty Drive Site, New I	Bedford, MA
Client: Raw S	eafoods Inc.		LGCI Project No.: 1611
Drilling Subcontracto	r: Soil Exploration Corp.	Date Started:	3/31/2016
Drilling Foreman:	George Guinto	Date Completed:	3/31/2016
LGCI Engineer:	Todd Dwyer/A. M. Lahlaf	Location:	SE corner of proposed footprint
Ground Surface El:	86 feet, see remark 1	Total Depth:	12 feet
Groundwater Depth:	5' based on sample moisture	Drill Rig Type:	CME 750 ATV
		Drilling Method:	4 1/4" Hollow Stem Augers
Hammer Weight:	140 lbs	Split Spoon Diamete	r: ID - 1.375", OD - 2"
Hammer Type:	Automatic	Rock Core Barrel Siz	ze: IN/A
Drop:	30 inches		

Depth	Sample	Sample	В	ows pe	r 6 inch	es	Pen	Rec	Remarks	Strata	Sample Description
Scale	Depth (ft)	No	0-6	6-12	12-18	18-24	(in)	(in)	Ren	### N	
	0 - 2	S1	1	4	9	19	24	12		Forest Mat/ Subsoil	S1 - Top 6": Silty SAND (SM), fine, 35-40% fines, trace organics, dark brown, moist
	2 - 4	S2	15	22	31	28	24	15	f		Bot. 6": Silty SAND (SM), fine to medium, 35-40% fines, 5-10% fine gravel, orange brown, moist
											S2 - Silty SAND with Gravel (SM), fine to coarse, 35-40% fines, 15-20% fine gravel, gray, wet
5ft											
	5 - 7	S3	25	28	28	25	24	2			S3 - Similar to S2, cobble in sampler tip.
Oft										Sand	
	10-12	S4	9	18	24	23	24	22		12.0'	S4 - Silty SAND (SM), fine, trace medium, 40-45% fines, ~5% fine gravel, gray, wet
											End of Boring at 12 feet. Backfilled borehole with drill cuttings.
15ft		Ψ									
					<u> </u>						
20ft											
	,										
Ì											

^{1 -} Ground surface elevations were estimated by plotting the boring/test pit locations on the plan titled: "Site Plan, Site Schematic, Raw Seafoods, Inc., Flaherty Drive Extension, New Bedford, Massachusetts, prepared by Field Engineering Co. Inc., dated 2/18/16; and interpolating between elevation contours to the nearest 1/2 foot.

^{2 -} Boring located on logging road.

Boring B-8 Page 1 of 1

Project: Propo	sed Frozen Storage Building, Fl	aherty Drive Site, New	Bedford, MA
Client: Raw S	eafoods Inc.		LGCI Project No.: 1611
Drilling Subcontractor	r: Soil Exploration Corp.	Date Started:	3/31/2016
Drilling Foreman:	George Guito	Date Completed:	3/31/2016
LGCI Engineer:	A. M. Lahlaf	Location:	SW corner of proposed footprint
Ground Surface El:	93 feet, see remark 1	Total Depth:	7 feet
Groundwater Depth:	5' based on sample moisture	Drill Rig Type:	CME 750 ATV
		Drilling Method:	4 1/4" Hollow Stem Augers
Hammer Weight:	140 lbs	Split Spoon Diamete	er: ID - 1.375", OD - 2"
Hammer Type:	Automatic	Rock Core Barrel Siz	ze: IN/A
Drop:	30 inches		

Depth	Sample	Sample	В	ows pe	r 6 inch	es	Pen	Rec	Remarks	Strata	Sample Description
Scale	Depth (ft)	No	0-6	6-12	12-18	18-24	(in)	(in)	Rem		
	0-2	S1	2	1	1	1	24	18		Forest Mal/ Subsoil	S1 - Top 8": Forest Mat Bot. 10": Silty SAND (SM), fine, trace medium, ~ 40% fines, traces of roots and organics, orange brown, wet
	2-4	S2	19	30	23	18	24	22		-2.8	S2 - Top 8": Similar to bot. 10" of S1 Bot. 14": Silty SAND (SM), fine to medium, trace coarse, 30-
5ft											35% fines, 5-10% fine gravel, gray, moist
	5-7	S 3	12	20	20	20	24	16		Sand	S3 - Silty SAND (SM), fine, trace medium, trace coarse, 30-35% fines, gray, wet
								-		r.u	End of Boring at 7 feet. Backfilled borehole with drill cuttings.
10ft											
			:								
15ft											
20ft											

^{1 -} Ground surface elevations were estimated by plotting the boring/test pit locations on the plan titled: "Site Plan, Site Schematic, Raw Seafoods, Inc., Flaherty Drive Extension, New Bedford, Massachusetts, prepared by Field Engineering Co. Inc., dated 2/18/16; and interpolating between elevation contours to the nearest 1/2 foot.

Boring B-9 Page 1 of 1

	The state of the s							
Project: P	roposed Frozen Storage Building, F	Bedford, MA						
Client: R	aw Seafoods Inc.	Seafoods Inc.						
Drilling Subcont	ractor: Soil Exploration Corp.	Date Started:	3/31/2016					
Drilling Foremar	n: George Guito	Date Completed:	3/31/2016					
LGCI Engineer:	A. M. Lahlaf	Location:	NW corner of proposed footprint					
Ground Surface	El: 98 feet, see remark 1	Total Depth:	7 feet					
Groundwater De	epth: 5' based on sample moisture	Drill Rig Type:	CME 750 ATV					
		Drilling Method:	4 1/4" Hollow Stem Augers					
Hammer Weight	: 140 lbs	Split Spoon Diameter: ID - 1.375", OD - 2"						
Hammer Type:	Automatic	Rock Core Barrel Size: IN/A						
Drop:	30 inches							

Depth	Sample	Sample	Bi	lows pe	r 6 inch	es	Pen	Rec	Remarks	Strata	Sample Description
Scale	Depth (ft)	No	0-6	6-12	12-18	18-24	(in)	(in)	Ren	V Control State	
	0-2	S1	1	2	2	1	24	7		Forest Mat/	S1 - Forest Mat
										Subsoil 2.2	
	2 - 4	S2	14	18	20	13	24	12			S2 - Top 2": Silty SAND (SM) fine, ~ 30% fines, traces of roots, gray to orange brown (subsoil).
5ft											Bot. 12": Silty SAND with Gravel (SM), fine to medium, 25-30% fines, ~ 15% fine to coarse gravel, gray, moist
	5 - 7	S3	12	20	20	17	24	14		Sand	S3 - Silty SAND (SM), fine to medium, trace coarse, 15-20% fines, ~ 10% fine gravel, gray, wet
										7,0'	inies, 10% inie graver, gray, wet
											End of Boring at 7 feet. Backfilled borehole with drill cuttings.
10ft			···								
											
		:									
15ft											
20ft								***************************************			
			·								
		· ··· · · ·									

^{1 -} Ground surface elevations were estimated by plotting the boring/test pit locations on the plan titled: "Site Plan, Site Schematic, Raw Seafoods, Inc., Flaherty Drive Extension, New Bedford, Massachusetts, prepared by Field Engineering Co. Inc., dated 2/18/16; and interpolating between elevation contours to the nearest 1/2 foot.



Lahlaf Geotechnical Consulting, Inc.

Project: Propo	sed Frozen Storage Building,	Flaherty Drive Site,	New Bedford, MA		
Client: Raw S	eafoods Inc.		LGCI Project No.: 1611		
Excavation Subcontr	actor: Craftmasters	Date Started:	03/30/16		
Excavation Foreman	: Robert Kelliher	Date Completed:	03/30/16		
LGCI Engineer:	Todd Dwyer	Location:	NW corner of proposed footprint		
Ground Surface El:	98 feet, see remark 1	Total Depth:	4 feet		
Groundwater Depth:	Weeping from sides at 2.9'.	Excavator Type:	Komatsu PC300LC		
		Test Pit Dimensio	ns: 5.5' x 15.5'		

Danila		044-	
Depth	Exc.	Strata	Soil Description
Scale	Effort		
	E		0-10": Forest Material 6"
-		Forest	10"-2.9' - Silty SAND (SM), fine to medium 40-45% fines, 0-5% fine gravel, trace root hairs, orange brown, moist
	E	Mat/	
		Subsoil	
	E	~2.9'	
-		arungere.	3' - 12': Silty SAND with Gravel (SM), fine to medium, 35-40% fines, 15-20% fine to coarse gravel, ~5% cobbles, gray, wet
	М	Sand ~4′	The control of the co
			Bottom of test pit at 4 feet. Backfilled with excavated soil and leveled with excavator bucket.
5 ft			
	-		
Γ			
10 ft			
Ī			
		İ	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
15 ft			M = Moderate D = Difficult V = Vers Difficult

^{1 -} Ground surface elevations were estimated by plotting the boring/test pit locations on the plan titled: "Site Plan, Site Schematic, Raw Seafoods, Inc., Flaherty Drive Extension, New Bedford, Massachusetts, prepared by Field Engineering Co. Inc., dated 2/18/16; and interpolating between elevation contours to the nearest 1/2 foot.



Project: Propo	Proposed Frozen Storage Building, Flaherty Drive Site, New Bedford, MA								
Client: Raw S	leafoods Inc.		LGCI Project No.: 1611						
Excavation Subcontr	actor: Craftmasters	Date Started:	03/30/16						
Excavation Foreman	: Robert Kelliher	Date Completed:	03/30/16						
LGCI Engineer:	Todd Dwyer	Location:	NE corner of proposed footprint						
Ground Surface El:	90 feet, see remark 1	Total Depth:	9 feet						
Groundwater Depth:	2.5' at subsoil/sand	Excavator Type:	Komatsu PC300LC						
	interface.	Test Pit Dimension	ns: 5.5' x 15'						

F			
Depth Scale	Exc. Effort	Strata	Soil Description
Ocale	E	Forest	0-10": Forest Material ~6"
	E	Mat/ Subsoil	10"-2.5' - Silty SAND (SM), fine to medium, 40-45% fines, 5-10% fine gravel, orange brown, moist to wet within 6 inches of subsoil/sand interface \sim 2'
	E/M	~2.5 ¹	
	М		2.5' - 9': Silty SAND (SM), fine to medium, trace coarse, 35-40% fines, 10-15% fine gravel, 5-10% cobbles and boulders <1' in diameter, light gray, wet
5 ft	М		
	М	Sand	
	М	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	М		
	М	-29 -	
10 ft			Bottom of test pit at 9 feet. Backfilled with excavated soil and leveled with excavator bucket.
<u>-</u>			
		:	
15 ft			

Remarks:

^{1 -} Ground surface elevations were estimated by plotting the boring/test pit locations on the plan titled: "Site Plan, Site Schematic, Raw Seafoods, Inc., Flaherty Drive Extension, New Bedford, Massachusetts, prepared by Field Engineering Co. Inc., dated 2/18/16; and interpolating between elevation contours to the nearest 1/2 foot.



Project: Proposed Frozen Storage Building, Flaherty Drive Site, New Bedford, MA LGCI Project No.: 1611 Client: Raw Seafoods Inc. Excavation Subcontractor: Craftmasters Date Started: 03/30/16 03/30/16 Excavation Foreman: Robert Kelliher Date Completed: SW corner of proposed footprint LGCI Engineer: **Todd Dwyer** Location: Ground Surface EI: 93 feet, see remark 1 Total Depth: 3.5 feet Groundwater Depth: Weeping from sides at 2 feet. Excavator Type: Komatsu PC300LC Test Pit Dimensions: 5.5' x 14'

			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Depth	Exc.	Strata	Soil Description
Scale	Effort E		0-10": Forest Material 6"
	E	Forest Mat/	10"-3.2': Silty SAND (SM), fine to medium, 35-40% fines, trace root hairs, orange brown, moist to wet below 2 feet.
	E	Subsoil ~3.2	3.2'
	E/M	Sand	3.2'-3.5': Silty SAND (SM), fine to medium, 35-40% fines, 10-15% fine to coarse gravel, 5-10% cobbles, light gray, wet
5 ft			Bottom of test pit at 3.5 feet. Backfilled with excavated soil and leveled with excavator bucket.
-			
-			
}			
10 ft			
}	··•·		
}			
-			
5 ft			

^{1 -} Ground surface elevations were estimated by plotting the boring/test pit locations on the plan titled: "Site Plan, Site Schematic, Raw Seafoods, Inc., Flaherty Drive Extension, New Bedford, Massachusetts, prepared by Field Engineering Co. Inc., dated 2/18/16; and interpolating between elevation contours to the nearest 1/2 foot.



Project: Proposed Frozen Storage Building, Flaherty Drive Site, New Bedford, MA Client: Raw Seafoods Inc. LGCI Project No.: 1611 Excavation Subcontractor: Craftmasters Date Started: 03/30/16 Excavation Foreman: Robert Kelliher Date Completed: 03/30/16 LGCI Engineer: Todd Dwyer Location: SE corner of proposed footprint Ground Surface El: 84 feet, see remark 1 Total Depth: 5.5 feet Groundwater Depth: 2' at subsoil/glacial till Excavator Type: Komatsu PC300LC interface. Test Pit Dimensions: 5.5' x 13'

Depth	Exc.	Strata	Soil Description
Scale	Effort	de vyez 1, reg 11 11 1	
	Ę	Forest Mat/	0-6": Forest Material
	E	Subsoil _~2.0'	0.5' - 3': Silty SAND (SM), fine, trace medium to coarse, 20-25% fines, ~10% organic fines, orange brown, moist to wet within 6 inches of subsoil/sand interface
	М		
	М	Sand	2'-5.5-: Silty SAND with Gravel (SM), fine to coarse, 35-40% fines, 15-20% fine to coarse gravel, 10-15% cobbles and boulders <1' in diameter, gray, wet
5 ft	М		
	М	* Y5 5'	
			Bottom of test pit at 5.5 feet. Backfilled with excavated soil and leveled with excavator bucket.
10 ft			
i			
15 ft			

Remarks:

^{1 -} Ground surface elevations were estimated by plotting the boring/test pit locations on the plan titled: "Site Plan, Site Schematic, Raw Seafoods, Inc., Flaherty Drive Extension, New Bedford, Massachusetts, prepared by Field Engineering Co. Inc., dated 2/18/16; and interpolating between elevation contours to the nearest 1/2 foot.

RECHARGE VOLUME CALCULATIONS

Client:	PLUMBERS SUPPLY COMPANY, INC.	Job Na,	2190
Project:	PROPOSED OFFICE/WAREHOUSE	Date:	3/20/2018
Location:	FLAHERTY DRIVE EXTENSION	Design by:	R. RICCIO

RECHARGE VOLUME CALCULATIONS

HYDROLOGIC SOIL GROUP	C
UNIT VOLUME (in.) =	0,25
IMPERVIOUS AREA (s.f.) =	401,409
RECHARGE VOLUME (cu.ft.) =	8,363

AVAILABLE VOLUME CALCULATION (POND-1)

	ELEV (ft.)	AREA (s.f.)	VOL (cu.ft.)	CUM, VOL (cu.ft.)	CUM. VOL (ac.ft.)
				***********	******
	**	**			
	78.0	28,379.0	0.0	0.0	0.000
	78.50	29,898.0	14,569.3	14,569.3	0.334
RECHARGI	E VOLUME F	ROVIDED		14,569.3	0.334
RECHARGI	E VOLUME F	REQUIRED		8,362.7	0.192

DRAWDOWN TIME CALCULATION

DRAWDOWN TIME=(REQ.RECH. VOL.)/(DES. INFILTRATION RATE "K"*BOTTOM AREA)

RECHARGE VOLUME PROVIDED (CF)=	14,569.3	
DESIGN INFILTRATION RATE (IN/HR)=	1.0	
BOTTOM AREA(SF)=	28,379.0	
DRAWDOWN TIME (HRS)=	6.0	OK

WATER QUALITY VOLUME CALCULATIONS

Client:

PLUMBERS SUPPLY COMPANY, INC.

Job No.

2190

Project: Location: PROPOSED OFFICE/WAREHOUSE FLAHERTY DRIVE EXTENSION

Date: Design by: 3/20/2018 R. RICCIO

REQUIRED WATER QUALITY VOLUME-POST-1

UNIT VOLUME (in.) =

1.00

IMPERVIOUS AREA (s.f.) =

226,004

WATER QUALITY VOLUME (cu.ft.) =

18,834

AVAILABLE VOLUME CALCULATION (POND-1)

AREA	VOL	CUM. VOL	CUM. VOL
(s.f.)	(cu.ft.)	(cu.ft.)	(ac.ft.)

**			
28,379.0	0.0	0.0	0.000
31,416.0	29,897.5	29,897.5	0.686
	(s.f.) ** 28,379.0	(s.f.) (cu.ft.) ** 28,379.0 0.0	(s.f.) (cu.ft.) (cu.ft.) ** 28,379.0 0.0 0.0

WATER QUALITY VOLUME PROVIDED = WATER QUALITY VOLUME REQUIRED =

29,897,5 18,833,7 0.686

0.432 OK

SEDIMENT FOREBAY SIZING CALCULATION

Client:	PLUMBERS SUPPLY COMPANY, INC.	Job No.	2190
Project:	PROPOSED OFFICE/WAREHOUSE	Date:	3/20/2018
Location:	FLAHERTY DRIVE EXTENSION	Design by:	R. RICCIO

REQUIRED SEDIMENT FOREBAY SIZING-DETENTION BASIN 1

TOTAL CONTRIBUTING AREA (acre) =	12.2
MINIMUM FOREBAY SIZE (in. per acre) =	0.10

FOREBAY REQUIRED CAPACITY (cu. ft.) = 4,429

AVAILABLE VOLUME CALCULATION- FOREBAY 1

ELEV (ft.)	AREA (s.f.)	VOL (cu.ft.)	CUM, VOL (cu.ft.)	CUM, VOL (ac.ft.)
**	**			
78.0	3,138.0	0.0	0.0	0.000
80.0	4,282.0	7,420.0	7,420.0	0.170

AVAILABLE VOLUME CALCULATION-FOREBAY 2

(ft.)	(s.f.)	(cu.ft.)	(cu.ft.)	(ac.ft.)			
		~~~~~~~~~			•		
**	**						
78.0	2,540.0	0.0	0.0	0.000			
80.0	3,776.0	6,316.0	6,316.0	0.145			
FOREBAY	Y VOLUME P	ROVIDED		13,736.0	0,315		
FOREBAY	Y VOLUME R	EQUIRED		4,428.6	0.102	OK	

>

; (..

In BMP Column, click on Blue Cell to Activate Drop Down Menu
 Select BMP from Drop Down Menu
 After BMP is selected, TSS Removal and other Columns are automatically completed.

				ຸງອອເ	orkst oval	mэЯ W no		Oalo					
Location:	m	•	BMP	Street Sweeping - 5%	Deep Sump and Hooded Catch Basin	Infiltration Basin					Project: PLUMBERS	Prepared By: RRR	Date:
Location: Off Flaherty Drive, New Bedford, MA	ن د د	ISS Removal	Rate	0.05	0.25	0.80	0.00	0.00	ŀ	lotail	PLUMBERS SUPPLY	RRR	Date: 3/16/2018
	Ω :	Starting TSS	Load*	1.00	0.95	0.71	0.14	0.14		lotal ISS Kemoval =			
I	Ш	Amonnt	Removed (C*D)	0.05	0.24	0.57	0.00	0.00		%98		*Equals remaining load from previous BMP (E)	which enters the BMP
1	<b>LL</b> '	Remaining	Load (D-E)	0.95	0.71	0.14	0.14	0.14	Separate Form Needs to be Completed for Each	Outlet or BMP Train	=	n previous BMP (E)	
									_				

Non-automated TSS Calculation Sheet must be used if Proprietary BMP Proposed 1. From MassDEP Stormwater Handbook Vol. 1

Mass. Dept. of Environmental Protection

### FIELD ENGINEERING CO. INC.

### MATTAPOISETT, MA

### RUN-OFF COEFFICIENT CALCULATIONS

Client: Project: Location:	Plumbers Supply Company Proposed Site Development Flaherty Drive, NBBP	Job No. Date: Calcs by:	2190 3/20/2018 R. Riccio
oefficient (	C) factor:		
	Impervious areas (Roofs and pa	ved areas)	0.90
	Pervious areas (landscaped;lawi	n areas)	0.40
	Pervious areas (undisturbed; wo	oded)	0.30

AREA NO.	LAWN AREA (ac.)	WOODED AREA (ac.)	IMPERV. AREA (ac.)	TOTAL AREA (ac.)	COMPOSITE FACTOR "C"
OD1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.776
CB1	0.09	0.00	0.23	0.32	0.76
DCB2	0.10	0.00	0.23	0.33	0.75
DCB3	0.07	0.00	0.69	0.76	0.85
CB4	0.09	0.00	0.20	0.29	0.74
CB5	0.28	0.00	0.26	0.54	0.64
DCB6	0.05	0.00	1.12	1.17	0.88
DCB7	0.50	0.00	1.21	1.71	0.75
DCB8	0.72	0.00	0.41	1.13	0.58
YD-2	0.23	0.00	0.04	0.27	0.47
YD-1	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.70

FIELD ENGINEERING CO., INC.

MATTAPOISETT, MA

STORM DRAINAGE DESIGN DATA Rational Method Q=CIA Design Storm 100 YEAR 
 Client:
 Plumbers Supply Co.
 Job No:
 2190

 Project:
 Proposed Site Development
 Date:
 3/20/2018

 Location:
 Flaherty Drive, NBBP
 Cal By:
 R. Riccio

NOTE: Data entry columns headed by double asterisk. **

Vel. Fulf (ft/s)	7.39	7.54	7.99	8.32	7.54	8.43	5.87	7.54	6.61	6.72	6.28	8.46	7.54	7.19	8.03	7.01	6.19
Flow Full (cfs)	5.80	5.92	6.28	6.53	5.92	6.62	7.21	5.92	5.19	11.87	4.93	14.95	5.92	22.60	6.31	22.02	19.43
Slope (ft/ft)	0.0192	0.0200	0.0225	0.0243	0.0200	0.0250	0.0000	0.0200	0.0154	0.0092	0.0139	0.0147	0.0200	0.0072	0.0227	6900'0	0.0053
"u"	0.011	0.011	0.011	0.011	0.011	0.011	0.011	0.011	0.011	0.011	0.011	0.011	0.011	0.011	0.011	0.011	0.011
Pipe Dia. (in)	* CI	: U	2 #	17	12 *	12	15	12	12	% # *	12	**	17	24	17	<b>42 *</b>	24
Flow Total (cfs)	1.82	1.16	2.98	2.98	1.86	2.23	4.08	4.85	0.95	9.61	0.95	13.25	2.98	15.44	2.42	17.83	17.83
Flow Inc. (cfs)	1.82	1.16	0.00	0.00	1.86	2.23	0.00	4.85	0.95	0.00	0.95	0.00	2.98	0.00	2.42	0.00	00.0
Total Time (min)	5.00	9:00	5.12	5.20	5.01	2.00	5.35	2.00	2.00	5.84	2.00	6.02	2.00	97.9	5.00	88.9	7.00
Pipe Time (min)	0.12	0.11	80.0	0.23	0.01	0.08	0.35	0.01	0.16	0.50	0.19	0.18	10.0	0.74	0.05	0.12	0.50
Inlet Time (min)	5.00	5.00	5.00	0.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	0.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	0.00	5.00	0.00	0.00
Int. (in/hr) "I"	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.3	7.5	7.2	7.5	6.9	7.0	6.9	6.9
Coef. Ave. "C"	0.76	0.70	0.74	0.74	0.75	0.90	0.83	0.85	0.90	0.84	0.47	0.78	0.71	0.76	0.64	0.74	0.74
Runoff Inc. "C"	** 0.76	0.70	0.00	0.00	0.75	0.90	0.00	0.85	0.90	0.00 **	0.47	0.00	0.71	0.00	0.64	0.00	00.0
Area Total (ac.)	0.32	0.22	0.54	0.54	0.33	0.33	99.0	0.76	0.14	1.56	0.27	2.37	0.56	2.93	0.54	3.47	3.47
Area Inc. (ac.)	** 0.32	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.33	0.00	9.76	0.14	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.56	0.00	0.54	0.00	00.0
Slope (%)	1.92%	2.00%	2.25%	2.43%	2.00%	2.50%	%06.0	2.00%	1.54%	0.92%	%68-1	1.47%	2.00%	0.72%	2.27%	%69.0	0.53%
Length (ft)	\$22	‡ 22 ‡	40 ‡	115	۰× *	<b>4</b> ‡	122	<b>پ</b> 4	\$\$	200	72	**	v, ‡	318	* 55	51	187
Inv. Elev.	94.00	\$8.50 **	87.50	84.60	87.65	87.50 **	86.30	86.90	87.50	84.20	84.60	82.75	87.90	79.95	83.50	79.50	78.40
To	## DMH1	DMHI	DMH2	DMH5	DMH3	DMIH3	DMH4	DMH4	DMH4	DIMITS **	DMH5	DMH6	DMH6	DMH7	DMGH7 **	DMIH8	丑
inv. Elev.	95.00	89.50	88.40	87.40	87.75	88.50	87.40	87.00	88.50	86.05	85.60	84.10	88.00	82.25	84.00 **	79.85	79.40
From	# CB1	: <u>G</u> #	DMH1	DMH2	DCB2	Ð #	DMH3	DCB3	£ £	DMH4	YD2	DMH5	CB4	DMIH6	CB5	DMH7	DMH8

FIELD ENGINEERING CO., INC.

MATTAPOISETT, MA

STORM DRAINAGE DESIGN DATA Rational Method Q=CIA Design Storm 100 YEAR

2190	3/20/2018	R. Riccio
Job No:	Date:	Cal By:
Plumbers Supply Co.	Proposed Site Development	Flaherty Drive, NBBP
Client	Project:	Location:

NOTE: Data entry columns headed by double asterisk. **

	Vel. Full (ft/s)		87.6	9.78	9.05
	Flow Full (cfs)		12.00	12.00	11.11
	Slope (fl/fl)		0.0250	0.0250	0.0214
	<u>"</u> a	*	0.011	0.011	0.011
	Pipe Dia. (ii)	*	15	15	12 **
	Flow Total (cfs)		7.72	9.62	4.92
	Flow Inc. (cfs)		7.72	6.62	4.92
	Total Time (min)		5.00	5.00	5.00
ı	Pipe Time (min)		0.03	0.03	0.13
	Inlet Time (min)	*	5.00	5.00	5.00
	int. (in/hr) "["	*	7.5	7.5	7.5
	Coef. Ave. "C"		0.88	0.75	0.58
	Runoff Inc. "C"	*	0.88	0.75	0.58
	Area Total (ac.)		1.17	1.71	1.13
	Area Inc. (ac.)	*	1.17	1.71	1.13
	Slope (%)		2.50%	2.50%	2.14%
	Length (ft)	*	2 #	\$ \$	2,4
	Inv. Elev.	*	79.50	79.50	79.50
	To MH	‡	田 #	出#	田 #
	fnv. Elev.	**	80.00	80.00	81.00
	From	#	DCB6	DCB7	DCB8

# Appendix A

## Pre and Post Development Watershed Plans

Posted on Planning Board Asenda is information page

See: Predevelopment watershed plan

post development untershed plan

# Appendix B

Long Term Pollution Prevention Plan

#### Long Term Pollution Prevention Plan Proposed Office/Warehouse Facility Plumbers Supply Company Inc. New Bedford, MA

#### 1.0 Introduction

This Long Term Pollution Prevention Plan has been prepared in accordance with the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook for Compliance with Stormwater Standards 4-6.

#### 2.0 Good Housekeeping Practices/Storage Provisions

Good housekeeping practices including periodic inspections of stormwater management system components will be performed in accordance with the Stormwater Management System Operation and Maintenance Plan. It is not anticipated that any high pollutant materials would be stored on site in areas that would discharge directly to the wetland systems. It would be anticipated that a property manager would be on-site and trained in the proper storage of materials and waste products on site.

#### 3.0 Routine Maintenance of Stormwater BMP's

The Stormwater BMP's including the extended detention/infiltration basin, sediment forebays, catch basins will all be operated and maintained in accordance with the Stormwater Management System Operation and Maintenance Plan which is discussed on the Site Development Plans.

#### 4.0 Spill Prevention and Response Plans

It is anticipated that a property manager would be under contract and on site on a regular basis trained in spill prevention and response. MSDS sheets are required to be on site for the handling of any chemicals or compounds that may be associated with any of the approved uses at the site. Emergency contact numbers will be posted and provided to the various tenants that may occupy the building with a 24-hour contact number in the event of any spills on-site.

#### 5.0 Landscaping Provisions

The landscaping on site will be maintained with generally accepted industry practices. Landscaping companies servicing the facility will be notified of the sensitivity of the wetland resource areas and stormwater management systems on site. Disposal of lawn and garden waste will be prohibited from any areas being used for stormwater management as well as in the wetland resource areas. Additionally, provisions shall be made to minimize the amount of fertilizers and other materials that will be allowed to be discharged within the landscaped areas on the site.

#### 6.0 Pet Waste Management Provisions

It is not anticipated that there would be any pets on site at this commercial facility.

#### 7.0 Provisions for Solid Waste Management

Dumpsters will be provided on-site for the disposal of solid waste. These dumpsters will be enclosed in fencing and emptied on a regular basis in accordance with Board of Health regulations and the Conditions of Site Plan Review approval.

#### 8.0 Snow Disposal Guidelines

Plowing directly into the wetland resource areas will not be permitted. All snow stored on site will melt and flow through the stormwater management system. No snow shall be stored in the bottom area of the proposed extended detention/infiltration basin shown on the site plans.

#### 9.0 Winter Road Salt and Sand Use

The use of road salt will not be allowed on the site. Sand will be used wherever possible. In is not anticipated that large quantities of road salt and/or sand will be stored on site.

#### 10.0 Street Sweeping Schedule

Sweeping of the parking lots will be performed twice annually. Sweeping shall occur in the spring following the winter season and again in the fall.

#### 11.0 Illicit Discharge Prevention

Illicit connections to the stormwater management system will be strictly prohibited. Any contractors performing work at the site will be notified of the prohibition of any illicit connections to the stormwater management system. All work done on site shall be per the approved design plans.

#### 12.0 Training for Staff

It is expected that a Property Management Company would be contracted to manage the site property as a whole. Included in this contract would be the operation and maintenance of the Stormwater Management System. Any Site Management Staff would be properly trained in the operation and maintenance of the Stormwater Management System.

#### 13.0 Emergency Contacts

The applicants of the project, Plumbers Supply Company Inc. would be the emergency contacts for any implementation measures that may be required on this Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan. It would be anticipated that emergency contact numbers would be posted throughout the site building and facilities should any situations arise.

# Appendix C

Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement

Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement Proposed Office/Warehouse Facility Plumbers Supply Company Inc. New Bedford, Massachusetts

#### 1.0 Description of Illicit Discharges

Illicit discharges are discharges to the stormwater management system that are not entirely composed of stormwater. Illicit discharges include (but are not limited to) wastewater discharges and discharges of stormwater contaminated by contact with process wastes, raw materials, toxic pollutants, hazardous substances, oil, or grease.

#### 2.0 Illicit Discharge Prevention

The project, as designed, does not provide for any illicit connections to the proposed stormwater management system. As part of the long-term pollution prevention plan that will be on file at the City and with the Owners, illicit connections to the stormwater management system will be strictly prohibited. Any contractors performing work at the site will be notified of the prohibition of any illicit connections to the stormwater management system.

#### 3.0 Training for Staff

The property owner/managers responsible for the maintenance of the stormwater management system will be properly trained as required to detect any unauthorized illicit discharges to the stormwater management system and eliminate them as soon as possible. It is anticipated that staff will be performing routine maintenance on the stormwater management system and at this time would be able to detect any unauthorized illicit discharges.

#### 4.0 Site Map

Refer to Proposed Site Development Plans prepared for Plumbers Supply Company Inc. by Fleid Engineering for locations and information on the proposed stormwater management system associated with this project.

#### 5.0 Certification

As the design plans show, there are no provisions for illicit discharges to the stormwater management system being proposed. Additionally, there are no proposed connections between any stormwater and wastewater management systems. Illicit discharges will be prohibited to the new stormwater management system associated with the proposed project and the property owners have been notified to not allow any unauthorized illicit discharges.

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